

# MTA: Software Development Fundamentals – Skills Measured

NOTE: The bullets that appear below each of the skills measured are intended to illustrate how we are assessing that skill. This list is not definitive or exhaustive.

NOTE: In most cases, exams do NOT cover preview features, and some features will only be added to an exam when they are GA (General Availability).

## Exam 98-361: Software Development Fundamentals

### Understanding core programming (15-20%)

#### Understand computer storage and data types

- how a computer stores programs and the instructions in computer memory, memory stacks and heaps, memory size requirements for the various data storage types, numeric data and textual data

#### Understand computer decision structures

- various decision structures used in all computer programming languages; If decision structures; multiple decision structures, such as If...Else and switch/Select Case; reading flowcharts; decision tables; evaluating expressions

#### Identify the appropriate method for handling repetition

- For loops, While loops, Do...While loops, and recursion

#### Understand error handling

- structured exception handling

### Understanding object-oriented programming (20-25%)

#### Understand the fundamentals of classes

- properties, methods, events, and constructors; how to create a class; how to use classes in code

#### Understand inheritance

- inheriting the functionality of a base class into a derived class

### **Understand polymorphism**

- extending the functionality in a class after inheriting from a base class, overriding methods in the derived class

### **Understand encapsulation**

- creating classes that hide their implementation details while still allowing access to the required functionality through the interface, access modifiers

## **Understanding general software development (15-20%)**

### **Understand application life cycle management**

- phases of application life cycle management, software testing

### **Interpret application specifications**

- reading application specifications and translating them into prototypes, code, select appropriate application type, and components

### **Understand algorithms and data structures**

- arrays, stacks, queues, linked lists, and sorting algorithms; performance implications of various data structures; choosing the right data structure

## **Understanding web applications (15-20%)**

### **Understand web page development**

- HTML, Cascading Style Sheets (CSS), JavaScript

### **Understand Microsoft ASP.NET web application development**

- page life cycle, event model, state management, client-side versus server-side programming

### **Understand web hosting**

- creating virtual directories and websites, deploying web applications, understanding the role of Internet Information Services

### **Understand web services**

- web services that will be consumed by client applications, accessing web services from a client application, SOAP and Web Service Definition Language (WSDL)

## **Understanding desktop applications (15-20%)**

### **Understand Windows apps**

- UI design guideline categories, characteristics and capabilities of Store Apps, identify gestures

### **Understand console-based applications**

- characteristics and capabilities of console-based applications

### **Understand Windows Services**

- characteristics and capabilities of Windows Services

## **Understanding databases (15-20%)**

### **Understand relational database management systems**

- characteristics and capabilities of database products, database design, Entity Relationship Diagrams (ERDs), normalization concepts

### **Understand database query methods**

- Structured query language (SQL), creating and accessing stored procedures, updating data and selecting data

### **Understand database connection methods**

- connecting to various types of data stores, such as flat file; XML file; in-memory object; resource optimization