### Factory<sup>5</sup>

# F5 Platform

Work with your data in single ecosystem

F5 Platform is a big data analytics platform for industrial enterprises. It increases business efficiency through advanced analytics and data management



#### **Key users**

- CIO departments
- CDO departments
- Developers and integrators of analytical solutions



#### **Features**

- Develop analytical products for specific business needs
- Estimate quality and suitability of incoming data
- Bring together huge amount of data from multiple distributed sources



#### **Customer segments**

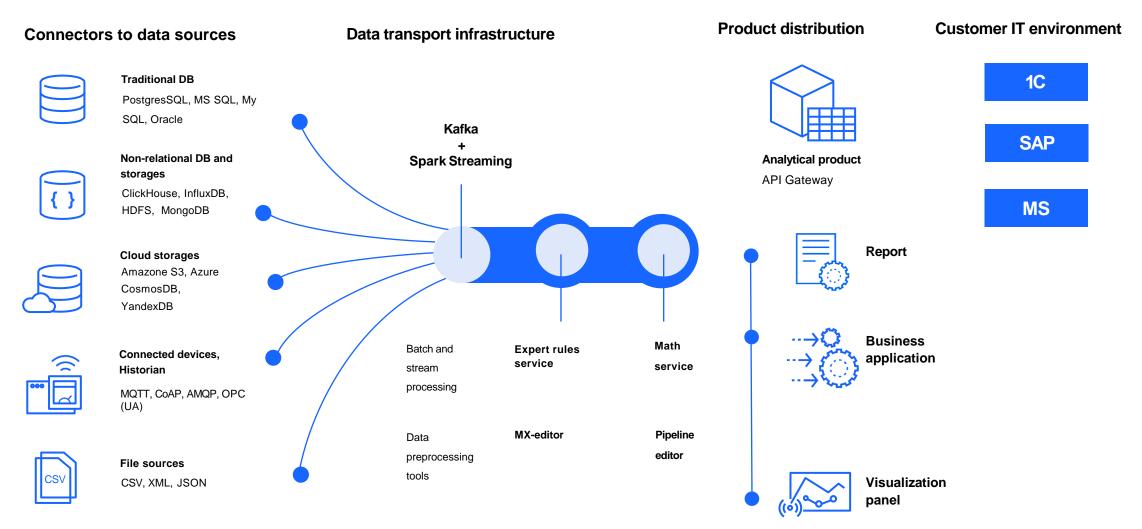
 capital-intensive medium-sized and large industrial enterprises



#### Typical problems

- · Big amount of distributed data sources in variety of IT systems
- · Lack of data quality control
- Independent local automation systems without centralized data management
- · No ready-to-use tools and algorithms for big data analytics

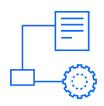
### How it works



## Ready-to-use toolbox for fast businessapplication development



Model development and runtime environment, data storage and integration bus which do not require installation of any additional services



Simultaneous execution of 5000+ algorithms and 50,000+ expert rules



Built-in libraries for data labeling



Algorithm development and debugging environments built into the runtime environment



Over 10Gb per second processing of unlimited data streams



Fast development of expert rules thanks to proprietary DSL language which doesn't require IT skills

# F5 Platform Data storage

- Online data download from integrated systems
- Data extraction from text files
- Manual data entry
- Calculation performance monitoring
- Storage of both downloaded and calculated data
- Data download process monitoring



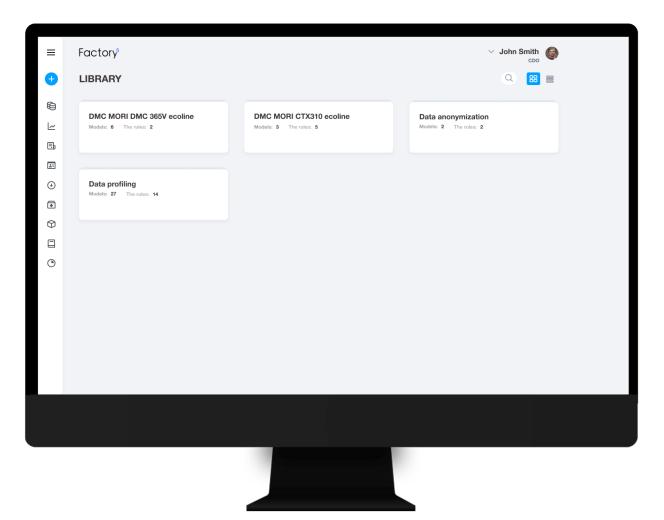
# F5 Platform Data classification

#### **MX-editor**

Includes traditional mathematical model development tools like Jupyter notebook, TensorFlow and Pandas libraries. MX editor automates analyst's and data scientist's routine work.

#### **Expert rules library**

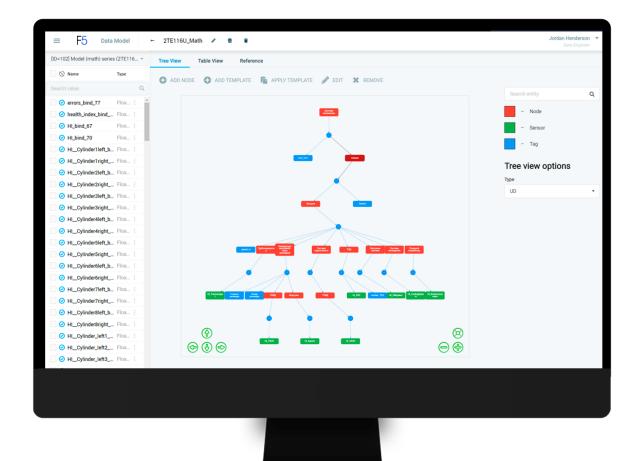
Detects incidents in data streams and packets. Rule engine is based on Scala language and effectively analyzes time series.



### F5 Platform Data classification

- Industry-specific library of models and rules
  - Adding new models and rules View rule or model:
    - Object, process or variable
    - Fork tree in repository.

- View, filter and sort the library Search models and rules by:
  - Application;
  - Industry;
  - Object or process;
  - Variable
- Fork rules and models in editor



## MX-model development process

MX-models are predictive models designed for identifying pre-failure states and predicting breakdowns of technological equipment. They use both telemetry data from sensors, and calculation methods for building an engineering model.

1. Analysis

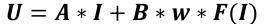
2. Engineering model

3. Node model



1. Telemetry data

2. Engineering data



where:

U – traction motor voltage;

I – traction motor armature current;

w - wheelset rotation speed

F(I) – magnetic flux saturation function

A, B – coefficients calculated from data

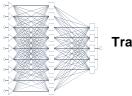
Input parameters:

SM1 - KM in «Recuperation» (inSM1\_R), KT4 - (inKT4),

Current threshold exceeded (SI\_Imax), Wheelset speeds (V1,V2,V3,V4),

> Currents (I1,I2,I3,I4), Voltages (Ud1, Ud2, Ud3, Ud4)

"OP1 - K11, K12" (outStup1)



Traction motor voltage

(process physics)

Actual voltage
Calculated voltage
Anomaly

### F5

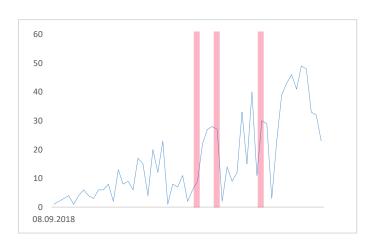
# F5 Platform MX-model development process

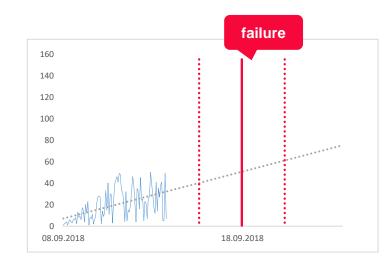
MX-models are predictive models designed for identifying pre-failure states and predicting breakdowns of technological equipment. They use both telemetry data from sensors, and calculation methods for building an engineering model.

4. Anomaly detection

5. Identification of degradation trends

6. Health index calculation







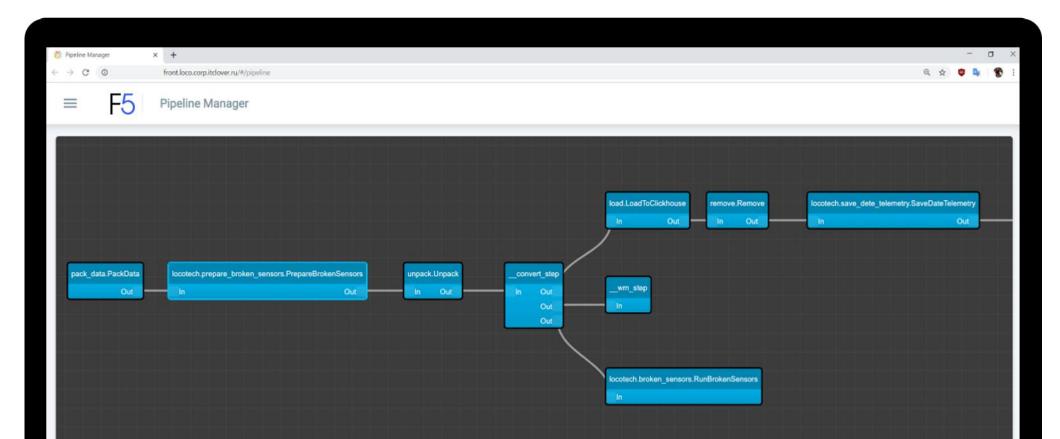
### F5 Platform Expert rules

Expert rules are based on proprietary DSL language tailored for time series data

```
Expert rule — set of conditions
SELECT
                                                                          SELECT *,
{select_fields},{Speed},{OilPump},grow,change,claster,growSpeed,claster_rule,
                                                                                                                                             which lets the platform to detect
                                                                            CASE
 MIN(claster_rule) OVER (ORDER BY {datetime} ROWS BETWEEN
                                                                             WHEN ((Speed >lagSpeed)AND(Speed >=leadSpeed)) OR
CURRENT ROW AND UNBOUNDED FOLLOWING) AS {rule field}
                                                                          ((lagSpeed<Speed_)AND(lagSpeed<=lag2Speed)) THEN CAST(id AS
FROM (
                                                                                                                                             preset sequences in a dataset.
                                                                          FLOAT)
SELECT *.
                                                                             ELSE 0.0
  MAX(Speed_) OVER (PARTITION BY claster_rule) AS maxSpeed,
                                                                            END
                                                                                                                                             Rules help to recognize patterns
  MIN(Speed_) OVER (PARTITION BY claster_rule) AS minSpeed,
                                                                             change,
  COUNT(claster_rule) OVER (PARTITION BY claster_rule) AS
                                                                            CASE
count claster rule,
                                                                                                                                             and label the data for training
                                                                             WHEN((Speed_>lagSpeed)AND(Speed_>=leadSpeed)) THEN -
FROM (
                                                                          1.0
SELECT *.
                                                                             WHEN ((lagSpeed<Speed )AND(lagSpeed<=lag2Speed)) THEN
  CASE
                                                                                                                                             sample.
                                                                          1.0
    WHEN Speed_<=260.0 AND growSpeed=-1.0 THEN claster
                                                                             WHEN (id=0)AND (Speed_>=leadSpeed) THEN -1.0
    ELSE NULL
                                                                             WHEN (id=0)AND (Speed <leadSpeed) THEN 1.0
  END
                                                                             ELSE NULL
    claster_rule
                                                                          END grow
FROM (
SELECT *.
  MAX(grow) OVER (PARTITION BY claster) AS growSpeed
                                                                           CAST({Speed} AS FLOAT) AS Speed
                                                                           LAG(CAST({Speed} AS FLOAT)) OVER (ORDER BY {datetime}) AS lagSpeed,
FROM (
                                                                           LEAD(CAST({Speed} AS FLOAT)) OVER (ORDER BY {datetime}) AS leadSpeed
SELECT *.
                                                                           FIRST VALUE(CAST({Speed} AS FLOAT)) OVER w AS lag2Speed
  MAX(change) OVER (ORDER BY {datetime} ROWS BETWEEN
                                                                          WINDOW w AS (ORDER BY {datetime}
UNBOUNDED PRECEDING AND CURRENT ROW) AS claster
                                                                          ROWS BETWEEN 2 PRECEDING AND CURRENT ROW)
                                                                                                                                                    Description using
FROM (
                                                                                                                                                      Spark language
lag(Speed) != 0 and Speed = 0 and Then OilPump != 0 for
                                                                                                      sec <
                                                                                                                      sec
                                                                                                                                                    Description using
                                                                                                                                            Factory5 DSL language
```

## F5 Platform Pipeline manager

Optimize platform performance, debug rules engine and MX-models and create custom data processing scenarios with flexible pipeline manager



# F5 Platform Platform development directions



Higher speed of platform deployment



Compliance to the latest data security requirements



More datatypes: photo, video, text, transaction data



More tools for business-application development



Transfer to PaaS format



Wider range of platform application examples

### Factory<sup>5</sup>

Al – ecosystem for business application development

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