



CYBERPION

Security monitoring of **online assets** and
their **infrastructure supply-chain**

THE PROBLEM

Security of **online assets** such as websites and cloud instances, depends also on their **Infrastructure supply-chain**: Web, Cloud and DNS infrastructures that the online assets and other connected assets rely on to operate

Classical security solutions focus on security issues in the customer's assets. What about **connected assets** and the infrastructures that are **outside the organization**?

Modern organizations are connected to **thousands of external assets** through **dozens of connection types**

Organizations do not have to tools to **map** their connections, to **monitor** them, to **detect risky changes**, to **analyze** their effect on the organization's assets and to **respond** quickly

BIG PROBLEM

Example: 40 banks statistics

97.5%

are connected to vulnerable assets in a risky manner

62.5%

have at least one asset that can be taken over

100%

suffer from additional security vulnerabilities (not connection-related)

Cross-sector problem



Media



Retail



Insurance



Energy



Airlines



Telecom



Healthcare



Security



Government



Automotive

THE DAMAGE

Websites, pages, cloud instances, DNS and mail server taken over

Loss of trust

Access to internal networks and data

Public embarrassment

Stolen information

Tens of millions in fines



CNN BUSINESS

A hacker gained access to 100 million Capital One credit card applications and accounts

By Rob McLean, [CNN Business](#)

Updated 2117 GMT (0517 HKT) July 30, 2019

Netflix, Ford, TD Bank Data Exposed by Open Amazon S3 Buckets

By [Sergiu Gatlan](#)

June 28, 2019

12:11 PM

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THE SOLUTION

Security monitoring of **online assets** and their **infrastructure supply-chain**:
Detect and react to security issues that affect the organization's security, regardless of their source

- | **Map** the organization's assets and external connected assets.
- | **Identify** and **classify** Web, Cloud and DNS infrastructures for each of them
- | Build **connections graph**: assets and infrastructures as nodes and connections as different types of edges
- | **Detect** and **react** to **security issues** of the graph's assets, and **create** and handle **new security issues** in connected assets, based on the issue type and the connection type. This is a **recursive** process

HOW DOES IT WORK?

Distributed system simulates the modern attacker in three continuous loops

1

Discovery

Discovery units search for new assets of the organization and identify their connections to external assets. Inside-out and reverse discovery techniques.

2

Monitoring

Dozens of autonomous monitoring units, each inspects some types of assets.
Detect risky changes.
Web, Cloud, DNS, PKI monitoring.

3

Security

Brain units analyze internal and external changes.
Generate detailed alerts with remediation instructions.
Apply Active Protection when possible.
Send analyzed data to the discovery units to go deeper

SaaS solution. No installation. Easy on-boarding. Fast time to value.

Trusted by Global 500 companies

EXAMPLES

Web

Cloud

DNS

High (CVSS 7.5) [www.XXXXXXX.com](#)

Reflected Cross-Site Scripting

summary

High (CVSS 10) [www.XXXXXXX.com](#)

Domain operates over critically misconfigured S3 bucket

summary

The domain [www.XXXXXXX.com](#) operates over S3 bucket that suffers from critical misconfiguration issue: writing to the bucket is publicly permitted.

High (CVSS 10) [www.YYYYYYY.com](#)

Authoritative nameserver is critically vulnerable

summary

The domain [www.YYYYYYY.com](#) uses the domain [ns.XXXXXXX.com](#) as one of its authoritative nameservers, but the domain [ns.XXXXXXX.com](#) is critically vulnerable and could be taken over.

High (CVSS 8) [www.YYYYYYY.com](#)

CORS connection to vulnerable domain

summary

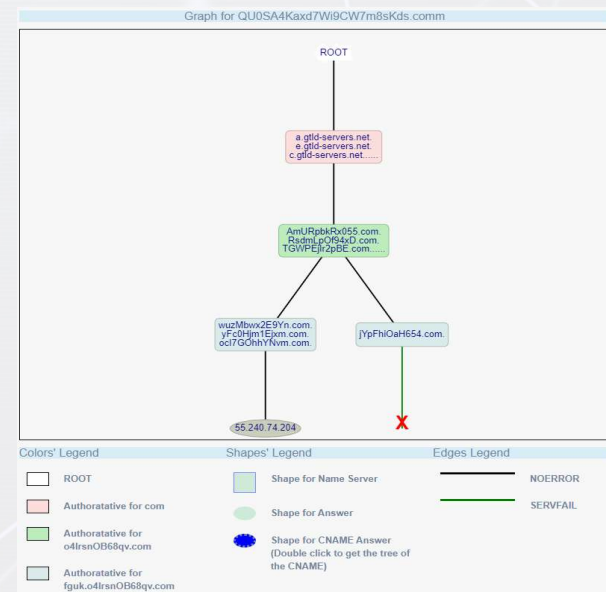
The domain [www.YYYYYYY.com](#) allows the domain [www.XXXXXXX.com](#) to cross-site access its content via Cross-Origin Resource Sharing (CORS), but the domain [www.XXXXXXX.com](#) is vulnerable to client-side code execution attack, and hence, might be abused to cross-site access the content of the domain.

High (CVSS 9) [www.YYYYYYY.com](#)

Dangerous script inclusion connection

summary

The domain [www.YYYYYYY.com](#) loads a script from the domain [www.XXXXXXX.com](#), but the domain [www.XXXXXXX.com](#) is critically vulnerable and its content can be overridden.



host	vulnerabilities	dependencies	dependencies type	host's risk rank
ml3wWl29oSRB.com	1	J9lZTRRoXBsc.com	Hyperlink	100
zbuTSC3ubAk2.com	4	x7wCKwq4DSSg.com, txPocP07KUVJ.com	Hyperlink	100
awxujqLLRezO.com	4	JXMJvxhurRHV.com, eGPpvtVLZ5s.com	Hyperlink, Script inclusion and iframe inclusion	98.12
wScoSs0QAcbI.com	2	EAJNjZxllWUZ.com	Hyperlink	98.12
6x0au6TVK910.com	6	20SXhIOGRsz.com, UlsCeKRgpGzz.com, TbTvIDGaA0sR.com and 22 more domains	Hyperlink	92.29
eBpgk4r34Aw.com	2	TbTvIDGaA0sR.com, 25r4U6pmBmxc.com, uDl9RkncOxtM.com and 11	Script inclusion	76.88

Total External Cloud Assets: **912** (*33 more than last update)

Total Tests in Cloud category: **26** (*6 more than last update)

Total tested Clouds (Internal & external): **1223** (*1097 more than last update)

Tests without perfect grade: **374** (*314 more than last update)

External Cloud Assets

host	vulnerabilities	dependencies	dependencies type	provider	service	description	host's risk rank	cloud risk rank
Y7o88ku2NA.com	1	93NnuHLJamuD.com	CNAME record	AWS	S3	Amazon Storage cloud	100	100
Y7a88ku2NA.com	1	93NnuHLJamuD.com	CNAME record	AWS	CLOUDFRONT	Amazon CDN cloud	100	100
c1eMFWWw5MD.com	1	D65KkVHken.com	CNAME record	Azure	CloudApp	Azure Cloud services	100	100
uJHhMtp1qHT.com	4	0UJ02YVWpge.com	Hyperlink	AWS	S3	Amazon Storage cloud	92.3	100
zuW0XwuzjgSH.com	1	93NnuHLJamuD.com	Script Inclusion	AWS	S3	Amazon Storage cloud	50	50

TRY US

Risk-free, no-installation, no-overhead and no-cost one-day POC

“Stop on first findings” mode

We only need:

- Contact for critical alerts
- Date & time for POC summary meeting

You get:

- Value
- Ease of use

A background graphic consisting of a network of interconnected nodes and lines, rendered in a light gray color. The nodes are represented by small circles, and the lines are thin, creating a complex web-like structure that fills the entire page.

Thank you

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