

Welcome to your CDP Climate Change Questionnaire 2023

C0. Introduction

C0.1

(C0.1) Give a general description and introduction to your organization.

At Microsoft, our mission to empower every person and every organization on the planet to achieve more is as important as ever. To achieve it, we must deliver innovation that helps drive broad economic growth while building a future for everyone. We focus on four key pillars: support inclusive economic growth, protect fundamental rights, create a sustainable future, and earn trust.

Microsoft has a longstanding commitment to sustainability and works to drive change on a global scale through our operations, technology, policy advocacy, employees, and customers and partners using our technology around the world. We are committed to being carbon negative by 2030 by first reducing the carbon footprint of our own operations, supply chain, and products and services; procuring enough renewable energy to cover 100% of our electricity usage (meaning that we will have power purchase agreements for green energy contracted for 100% of carbon-emitting electricity consumed by all our datacenters, buildings and campuses) by 2025; and then removing the equivalent of our current remaining footprint after reductions. By 2050, we will also remove from the atmosphere an equivalent amount of all the carbon dioxide the company has emitted either directly or by electrical consumption since it was founded in 1975. We follow our policies and comply with international environmental laws and regulations and the specific environmental requirements of each country and region where we do business.

Microsoft's carbon negative commitment was one of four sustainability commitments we made in 2020: to be a carbon negative, water positive, zero waste company that protects ecosystems—all by 2030. When we made these commitments, we also committed to transparency. Given our ongoing, separate efforts to share our work, our response to this year's CDP climate change questionnaire focuses on the quantitative questions, including our



climate-related targets, emissions reduction initiatives, emissions data and performance, energy data, and carbon pricing and credits. For information on our environmental governance, risks and opportunities, business strategy, engagement, and biodiversity, please see:

- Environmental Sustainability Report (https://aka.ms/SustainabilityReport2022)—strategy, progress, and environmental performance.
- Environmental Sustainability Data Fact Sheet (https://aka.ms/SustainabilityFactsheet2022)—comprehensive Microsoft environmental data.
- Taskforce on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) Report (https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/corporate-responsibility/reportshub)—governance, strategy, risk management, and metrics and targets related to climate change (target: biannual publication).
- **Corporate social responsibility (CSR) site** (https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/corporate-responsibility/sustainability)—sustainability commitments, progress, contributions, and news.
- **Executive and industry blog posts** (https://blogs.microsoft.com/on-the-issues/category/sustainability, https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/industry/blog/sustainability)—sustainability actions, strategy, investments, and publications.
- Environmental, Social, and Public Policy (ESPP) Committee charter (https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/corporate-responsibility/reportinggovernance)—role of the committee in assisting our Board of Directors with overseeing Microsoft sustainability policies and programs.
- **Proxy statement** (https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/Investor/annual-meeting.aspx)—executive compensation, including incentives related to sustainability.

All reported information represents best available data as of and for the reporting year unless otherwise noted. We undertake no obligation to update information contained in this report, whether because of new information, future events, or otherwise.

Forward-looking statements: This report includes estimates, projections, and other "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, and section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These forward-looking statements generally are identified by the words "believe," "project," "expect," "anticipate," "estimate," "intend," "strategy," "future," "opportunity," "plan," "may," "should," "will," "would," "will be," "will continue," "will likely result," and similar expressions. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and assumptions that are subject to risks and uncertainties that may cause actual results to differ materially. We describe risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results and events to differ materially in our reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. We undertake no obligation to update or revise publicly any forward-looking statements, whether because of new information, future events, or otherwise.

C0.2

(C0.2) State the start and end date of the year for which you are reporting data and indicate whether you will be providing emissions data for past reporting years.



Reporting year

Start date

July 1, 2021

End date

June 30, 2022

Indicate if you are providing emissions data for past reporting years No

C0.3

(C0.3) Select the countries/areas in which you operate.

C0.4

(C0.4) Select the currency used for all financial information disclosed throughout your response. USD

C0.5

(C0.5) Select the option that describes the reporting boundary for which climate-related impacts on your business are being reported. Note that this option should align with your chosen approach for consolidating your GHG inventory. Operational control

C0.8

(C0.8) Does your organization have an ISIN code or another unique identifier (e.g., Ticker, CUSIP, etc.)?



Indicate whether you are able to provide a unique identifier for your organization	Provide your unique identifier
Yes, an ISIN code	US5949181045

C1. Governance

C1.1

(C1.1) Is there board-level oversight of climate-related issues within your organization?

C1.1d

(C1.1d) Does your organization have at least one board member with competence on climate-related issues?

	Board member(s) have competence on climate-related issues
Row 1	

C1.2

(C1.2) Provide the highest management-level position(s) or committee(s) with responsibility for climate-related issues.

C1.3

(C1.3) Do you provide incentives for the management of climate-related issues, including the attainment of targets?

	Provide incentives for the management of climate-related issues	Comment
Row 1		



C2. Risks and opportunities

C2.1

(C2.1) Does your organization have a process for identifying, assessing, and responding to climate-related risks and opportunities?

C2.1a

(C2.1a) How does your organization define short-, medium- and long-term time horizons?

	From (years)	To (years)	Comment
Short-term			
Medium-term			
Long-term			

C2.1b

(C2.1b) How does your organization define substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?

C2.3

(C2.3) Have you identified any inherent climate-related risks with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?



C2.4

(C2.4) Have you identified any climate-related opportunities with the potential to have a substantive financial or strategic impact on your business?

C3. Business Strategy

C3.1

(C3.1) Does your organization's strategy include a climate transition plan that aligns with a 1.5°C world?

Row 1

Climate transition plan

C3.2

(C3.2) Does your organization use climate-related scenario analysis to inform its strategy?

	Use of climate-related scenario analysis to inform strategy
Row 1	

C3.5

(C3.5) In your organization's financial accounting, do you identify spending/revenue that is aligned with your organization's climate transition?



Identification of spending/revenue that is aligned with your organization's climate transition

C4. Targets and performance

C4.1

Row 1

(C4.1) Did you have an emissions target that was active in the reporting year?

Absolute target Intensity target

C4.1a

(C4.1a) Provide details of your absolute emissions target(s) and progress made against those targets.

Target reference number

Abs 1

Is this a science-based target?

No, but we are reporting another target that is science-based

Target ambition

Year target was set 2017

Target coverage

Microsoft Corporation CDP Climate Change Questionnaire 2023 Wednesday, August 16, 2023



Company-wide

Scope(s)

Scope 1 Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Base year

2013

Base year Scope 1 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 100,561

Base year Scope 2 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 819,582

Base year Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)



Base year Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)



Base year Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

- Total base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e) 920,143
- Base year Scope 1 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 1 100
- Base year Scope 2 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 2

Base year Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) (metric tons CO2e)



Base year Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products (metric tons CO2e)



Base year Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 15: Investments (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Other (upstream) (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Other (downstream) (metric tons CO2e)

Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3 (in all Scope 3 categories)

Base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes as % of total base year emissions in all selected Scopes 100

Target year

2030



Targeted reduction from base year (%) 75

Total emissions in target year covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e) [auto-calculated] 230,035.75

- Scope 1 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 139,413
- Scope 2 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 288,029

Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)



Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)



Total Scope 3 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Total emissions in reporting year covered by target in all selected scopes (metric tons CO2e) 427,442

Does this target cover any land-related emissions?

No, it does not cover any land-related emissions (e.g. non-FLAG SBT)

% of target achieved relative to base year [auto-calculated]

71.3948447868

Target status in reporting year

Underway

Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

In 2017, Microsoft set a target to reduce absolute Scope 1 + Scope 2 (market-based) emissions by 75 percent by 2030, against a 2013 baseline. Abs1 supports our work to drive our Scope 1 + Scope 2 emissions to near zero and our carbon negative target (NZ1). It is expected to help avoid more than 10 million metric tons of carbon emissions by 2030 and put Microsoft on a path, as a company, to meet the goals set in the Paris climate agreement.

Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

We will work to reduce our Scope 1 and 2 emissions to near zero through the following steps: a) By 2025, we will procure enough renewable energy to cover 100 percent of our electricity usage, meaning that we will have power purchase agreements (PPAs) for green energy contracted for 100 percent of carbon-emitting electricity consumed by all our datacenters, buildings, and campuses. b) We will electrify our global campus operations vehicle fleet by 2030. c) We will pursue International Living Future Institute Zero Carbon certification and LEED Platinum certification for our Silicon Valley Campus and Puget Sound Campus Modernization projects. d) We will eliminate our dependency on petroleum-based diesel fuel at our owned datacenters by 2030. In FY22, we signed new PPAs around the globe, bringing our total portfolio of carbon-free energy to over 13.5 GW, including more than 135 projects in 16 countries. To date, we have received five all-electric buses in Ireland, and sites in China are running all-electric routes through service providers. In Redmond (WA), Microsoft purchased land to build an 8-acre electric vehicle charging and maintenance facility for our internal and external commute fleet of electric buses and shuttles. Microsoft is demonstrating the



application of green hydrogen at industrial scales—with a first-of-its kind, zero-emission, 3-MW hydrogen polymer electrolyte membrane (PEM) fuel cell backup power generator piloted in July 2022.

List the emissions reduction initiatives which contributed most to achieving this target

Target reference number

Abs 2

Is this a science-based target?

No, but we are reporting another target that is science-based

Target ambition

Year target was set

2017

Target coverage

Company-wide

Scope(s)

Scope 1 Scope 2

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

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Base year

2013

- Base year Scope 1 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 100,561
- Base year Scope 2 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 819,582

Base year Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)



Base year Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Total base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e) 920,143



Base year Scope 1 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 1 100

Base year Scope 2 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 2

Base year Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel (metric tons CO2e)



Base year Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises (metric tons CO2e)



Base year Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 15: Investments (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Other (upstream) (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Other (downstream) (metric tons CO2e)

Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3 (in all Scope 3 categories)

Base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes as % of total base year emissions in all selected Scopes 100

Target year 2045

Targeted reduction from base year (%)

Total emissions in target year covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e) [auto-calculated] 230,035.75

Scope 1 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 139,413

Scope 2 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 288,029



Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)



Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Total Scope 3 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Total emissions in reporting year covered by target in all selected scopes (metric tons CO2e) 427,442

Does this target cover any land-related emissions? No, it does not cover any land-related emissions (e.g. non-FLAG SBT)

% of target achieved relative to base year [auto-calculated] 71.3948447868



Target status in reporting year

Underway

Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

Abs2 is not a standalone target but rather the outcome of our carbon neutral (Abs4), carbon negative (NZ1), and renewable electricity targets; it is an extension of Abs1.

Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

Since Abs2 is not a standalone target but rather the outcome of our carbon neutral (Abs4), carbon negative (NZ1), and renewable electricity targets and is an extension of Abs1, the plan for achieving this target will align with what is stated in Abs1.

List the emissions reduction initiatives which contributed most to achieving this target

Target reference number

Abs 3

Is this a science-based target?

No, but we are reporting another target that is science-based

Target ambition

Year target was set

2020

Target coverage

Company-wide

Scope(s)

Scope 1

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Scope 2 Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies)

Category 1: Purchased goods and services

Category 2: Capital goods

Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)

Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution

Category 5: Waste generated in operations

Category 6: Business travel

Category 7: Employee commuting

Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution

Category 11: Use of sold products

Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products

Category 13: Downstream leased assets

Base year

2020

Base year Scope 1 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

118,100

Base year Scope 2 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 456.119

Base year Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 4,156,000

Base year Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)



2,962,000

Base year Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

300,000

- Base year Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 102,000
- Base year Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 9,500
- Base year Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 329,356
- Base year Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 317,000
- Base year Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
- Base year Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 65,000
- Base year Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
- Base year Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 2,600,000
- Base year Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 17,000



Base year Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 11,800

Base year Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 10,869,656

Total base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e) 11,443,875

Base year Scope 1 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 1 100

Base year Scope 2 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 2

Base year Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services (metric tons CO2e)
100

Base year Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods (metric tons CO2e)



100

Base year Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) (metric tons CO2e)

100

Base year Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e)
100

Base year Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations (metric tons CO2e)
100

Base year Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e)

100



Base year Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products (metric tons CO2e)
100

Base year Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products (metric tons CO2e)
100

Base year Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e)
100

Base year Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 15: Investments (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Other (upstream) (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Other (downstream) (metric tons CO2e)



Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3 (in all Scope 3 categories) 100

Base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes as % of total base year emissions in all selected Scopes 100

Target year

2030

```
Targeted reduction from base year (%) 50
```

Total emissions in target year covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e) [auto-calculated] 5,721,937.5

- Scope 1 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 139,413
- Scope 2 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 288,029
- Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 6,140,000
- Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 4,026,000

Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

450,000

Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)



240,000

- Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 8,000
- Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 139,000
- Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 141,000
- Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
- Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 69.000
- Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)
- Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 1,332,000
- Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

18,000

- Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 8,000
- Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)



Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Total Scope 3 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 12,571,000

Total emissions in reporting year covered by target in all selected scopes (metric tons CO2e) 12,998,442

Does this target cover any land-related emissions?

No, it does not cover any land-related emissions (e.g. non-FLAG SBT)

% of target achieved relative to base year [auto-calculated]

-27.1685421241

Target status in reporting year

Underway

Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

Microsoft announced in January 2020 that we will reduce our Scope 1 + Scope 2 + Scope 3 emissions by more than half by 2030. This target supports our commitment by 2030 to be carbon negative (reported as target NZ1 in this response) and by 2050 to remove from the atmosphere an equivalent amount of all the carbon dioxide our company has emitted either directly or by our electricity consumption since we were founded in 1975.

Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

We will achieve this goal, in part, by expanding our internal carbon fee to cover all Scope 3 categories, which will provide an incentive for our business groups to work with their supply chains to reduce the carbon intensity of the goods and services that they supply. We will also achieve



this through reduction strategies in campuses and datacenters, rethinking design of our devices, and engaging with our supply chain. Our FY22 value chain or Scope 3 emissions increased slightly at 0.5 percent, despite a 25 percent increase in purchased goods and services due to business growth. This result was driven by improvements in our operations, telemetry-based measurement, renewable energy investments, sustainable aviation fuel purchases, and procurement of unbundled renewable energy certificates (RECs). The values reported for this target use a market-based approach for Scope 2 and Scope 3 Category 3 and a management's criteria approach for Scope 3 Category 11. (The market-based method includes consideration of contractual arrangements under which Microsoft procures power from specific suppliers or sources, such as renewable energy. Management's criteria represent criteria selected or developed by Microsoft which provide an objective basis for measuring and reporting metrics as specified in section 1.10 of our 2022 Environmental Data Fact Sheet [https://aka.ms/SustainabilityReport2022].)

List the emissions reduction initiatives which contributed most to achieving this target

Target reference number

Abs 4

Is this a science-based target?

No, but we are reporting another target that is science-based

Target ambition

Year target was set

2013

Target coverage

Company-wide

Scope(s)

Scope 1

Microsoft Corporation CDP Climate Change Questionnaire 2023 Wednesday, August 16, 2023



Scope 2 Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Market-based

Scope 3 category(ies) Category 6: Business travel

Base year

2021

Base year Scope 1 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 2 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)



Base year Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)



Base year Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

- Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 0
- Total base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e) 0.01
- Base year Scope 1 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 1 100
- Base year Scope 2 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 2

Base year Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e)



Base year Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel (metric tons CO2e) 20

Base year Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products (metric tons CO2e)



Base year Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 15: Investments (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Other (upstream) (metric tons CO2e)

Base year Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Other (downstream) (metric tons CO2e)

Base year total Scope 3 emissions covered by target as % of total base year emissions in Scope 3 (in all Scope 3 categories) 0.04

Base year emissions covered by target in all selected Scopes as % of total base year emissions in all selected Scopes 4

Target year 2022

Targeted reduction from base year (%)

100



Total emissions in target year covered by target in all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e) [auto-calculated]

Scope 1 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 2 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e) 0

Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)



Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Category 15: Investments emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Other (upstream) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Scope 3, Other (downstream) emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)

Total Scope 3 emissions in reporting year covered by target (metric tons CO2e)



Total emissions in reporting year covered by target in all selected scopes (metric tons CO2e)

0

Does this target cover any land-related emissions?

No, it does not cover any land-related emissions (e.g. non-FLAG SBT)

% of target achieved relative to base year [auto-calculated]

100

Target status in reporting year

Achieved

Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

This target covers all our Scope 1 + Scope 2 (market-based) + Scope 3 upstream business air travel emissions. Starting in July 2012, Microsoft has had (and has achieved) a target to be carbon neutral every year from fiscal year (FY) 2013 onward. Note that the start, base, and target years reported are based on the Microsoft fiscal year. Our start year for this target is FY13—the first year in which we achieved carbon neutrality—and we committed to achieving carbon neutrality in all subsequent years. Because this target is ongoing and achieved annually, the base year (FY21) is the year prior to the target year (FY22, the reporting year). The FY21 base year emissions reported here are zero because we achieved our carbon neutral target in FY21. Additionally, in January 2020, Microsoft announced that, by 2030, we will become carbon negative, annually removing more emissions from the atmosphere than our total Scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions combined, and by 2050, we will remove an equivalent amount of all the carbon dioxide the company has emitted either directly or by electrical consumption since it was founded in 1975. Our carbon negative commitment is covered by the net zero target (NZ1) reported in this response; as we make progress towards our net zero target, we will maintain our commitment to carbon neutrality.

Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

List the emissions reduction initiatives which contributed most to achieving this target

We achieved carbon neutrality in FY22 (the reporting period) through a combination of on-site renewable electricity generation, internal energy efficiency projects, and purchases of renewable electricity and carbon removal offsets. We understand that CDP guidance requests that companies not consider carbon offsets when reporting targets in C4.1. However, we have elected to report offsets to communicate these GHG



emissions management activities; we have also reported additional targets that do not use offsets (see Abs1, Abs2, and Abs3). In FY21, Microsoft committed to shift our carbon-offsetting activity to accredited carbon removals, consistent with an emerging non-governmental organization (NGO) definition of net zero emissions.

C4.1b

(C4.1b) Provide details of your emissions intensity target(s) and progress made against those target(s).

Target reference number

Int 1

Is this a science-based target?

Yes, and this target has been approved by the Science Based Targets initiative

Target ambition

Other, please specify Identified as ambitious by the SBTi alongside our Low1 target (100% renewable electricity) (see C4.2a)

Year target was set

2019

Target coverage

Company-wide

Scope(s)

Scope 3

Scope 2 accounting method

Scope 3 category(ies)



Category 1: Purchased goods and services Category 2: Capital goods Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution Category 5: Waste generated in operations Category 6: Business travel Category 7: Employee commuting Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution Category 11: Use of sold products Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products Category 13: Downstream leased assets

Intensity metric

Metric tons CO2e per unit revenue

Base year

2017

Intensity figure in base year for Scope 1 (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

Intensity figure in base year for Scope 2 (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

Intensity figure in base year for Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity) 0.000042

Intensity figure in base year for Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity) 0.000017

Intensity figure in base year for Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)



0.000003

Intensity figure in base year for Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

0.000001

- Intensity figure in base year for Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)
- Intensity figure in base year for Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity) 0.000004
- Intensity figure in base year for Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity) 0.000004
- Intensity figure in base year for Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)
- Intensity figure in base year for Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

0.000001

Intensity figure in base year for Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

Intensity figure in base year for Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity) 0.000039

Intensity figure in base year for Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

0

Intensity figure in base year for Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)



0

Intensity figure in base year for Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

Intensity figure in base year for Scope 3, Category 15: Investments (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

Intensity figure in base year for Scope 3, Other (upstream) (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

Intensity figure in base year for Scope 3, Other (downstream) (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

Intensity figure in base year for total Scope 3 (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity) 0.0001104

Intensity figure in base year for all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity) 0.0001104

% of total base year emissions in Scope 1 covered by this Scope 1 intensity figure

% of total base year emissions in Scope 2 covered by this Scope 2 intensity figure

% of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services covered by this Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services intensity figure

100

% of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods covered by this Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods intensity figure

100



% of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) covered by this Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) intensity figure 100

% of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution covered by this Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution intensity figure 100

% of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations covered by this Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations intensity figure

100

% of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel covered by this Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel intensity figure

100

% of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting covered by this Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting intensity figure

100

% of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets covered by this Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets intensity figure

% of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution covered by this Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution intensity figure

% of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products covered by this Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products intensity figure



% of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products covered by this Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products intensity figure

100

% of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products covered by this Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products intensity figure 100

% of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets covered by this Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets intensity figure

100

% of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises covered by this Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises intensity figure

% of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Category 15: Investments covered by this Scope 3, Category 15: Investments intensity figure

% of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Other (upstream) covered by this Scope 3, Other (upstream) intensity figure

% of total base year emissions in Scope 3, Other (downstream) covered by this Scope 3, Other (downstream) intensity figure

- % of total base year emissions in Scope 3 (in all Scope 3 categories) covered by this total Scope 3 intensity figure
- % of total base year emissions in all selected Scopes covered by this intensity figure
 - 100



Target year

2030

Targeted reduction from base year (%) 30

- Intensity figure in target year for all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity) [auto-calculated] 0.00007728
- % change anticipated in absolute Scope 1+2 emissions 0
- % change anticipated in absolute Scope 3 emissions -50
- Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 1 (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 2 (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 3, Category 1: Purchased goods and services (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

0.000031

Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 3, Category 2: Capital goods (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity) 0.0000203

Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 3, Category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2) (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

0.0000023



Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 3, Category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

0.0000012

Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 3, Category 5: Waste generated in operations (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

0

- Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 3, Category 6: Business travel (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity) 0.0000007
- Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 3, Category 7: Employee commuting (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity) 0.0000007

Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 3, Category 8: Upstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 3, Category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

0.000003

Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 3, Category 10: Processing of sold products (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 3, Category 11: Use of sold products (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity) 0.0000257

Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 3, Category 12: End-of-life treatment of sold products (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

0.0000001

Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 3, Category 13: Downstream leased assets (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)



0

Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 3, Category 14: Franchises (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 3, Category 15: Investments (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 3, Other (upstream) (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

Intensity figure in reporting year for Scope 3, Other (downstream) (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity)

Intensity figure in reporting year for total Scope 3 (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity) 0.000082

Intensity figure in reporting year for all selected Scopes (metric tons CO2e per unit of activity) 0.000082

Does this target cover any land-related emissions? No, it does not cover any land-related emissions (e.g. non-FLAG SBT)

% of target achieved relative to base year [auto-calculated]

85.7487922705

Target status in reporting year

Underway

Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

In September 2019, the Science Based Targets initiative certified Microsoft's target to reduce Scope 3 GHG emissions intensity per unit of revenue 30 percent by 2030 from a 2017 base year, to avoid growth in absolute Scope 3 emissions, and to continue to annually source 100 percent renewable electricity through 2030. In January 2020, we announced that we will cut our Scope 1 + Scope 2 + Scope 3 emissions by



more than half by 2030 (see Abs3), and target Int1 will help us reach this goal. This target supports our commitment by 2030 to be carbon negative (reported as target NZ1).

Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

We are committed to reducing our Scope 3 emissions by more than half by 2030. Our Scope 3 target is our most powerful opportunity to help accelerate global decarbonization efforts by engaging suppliers and customers in our value chain and partnering to reduce emissions associated with the business we do together. We are focusing on (1) improving our Scope 3 measurement and methodologies (by increasing data quality from our supply chain, improving accounting methodologies, advancing lifecycle assessments, and optimizing devices based on real-world data); (2) reducing emissions by consuming less (by improving efficiency to reduce the number of datacenters needed overall, reducing embodied carbon in buildings and interiors, reimagining circularity of cloud hardware, engineering carbon out of our cloud operations and hardware supply chain, and boosting the efficiency of device usage); and (3) transforming the market through purchasing (by roadmapping our supply chain, reducing emissions in our devices supply chain, decarbonizing transportation, and advancing sustainable aviation). We anticipate that progress won't always be linear as we work towards this target.

List the emissions reduction initiatives which contributed most to achieving this target

C4.2

(C4.2) Did you have any other climate-related targets that were active in the reporting year?

Target(s) to increase low-carbon energy consumption or production Net-zero target(s)

C4.2a

(C4.2a) Provide details of your target(s) to increase low-carbon energy consumption or production.

Target reference number Low 1



Year target was set

2014

Target coverage

Company-wide

Target type: energy carrier Electricity

Target type: activity

Consumption

Target type: energy source Renewable energy source(s) only

Base year

2014

Consumption or production of selected energy carrier in base year (MWh) 2,514,616

% share of low-carbon or renewable energy in base year

70

Target year

2030

% share of low-carbon or renewable energy in target year

100

% share of low-carbon or renewable energy in reporting year

100



% of target achieved relative to base year [auto-calculated] 100

Target status in reporting year

Achieved

Is this target part of an emissions target?

Abs1 Abs2

Abs4

Is this target part of an overarching initiative?

RE100 Science Based Targets initiative

Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

In FY22 (reporting year), our percentage of renewable electricity was 100 percent when reflecting on-site generation, power purchase agreements (PPAs), and the purchase of unbundled energy attribute certificates (EACs) and green power products. This indicates that we are 100 percent complete on this target from a 2014 baseline of 70 percent. The scope of this target is electricity consumption, which represents 99.9 percent of our global Scope 2 (location-based) emissions and 95 percent of our global Scope 1 and Scope 2 (location-based) emissions. As part of our carbon neutral target, Microsoft plans to achieve 100 percent renewable energy each year; therefore, the target needs to be continually "achieved" each year. This target has been certified as science based and aligned to a 1.5°C scenario by the Science Based Targets initiative; it has been certified in combination with our intensity target (Int1).

Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

List the actions which contributed most to achieving this target

Microsoft achieved 100 percent renewable energy in the reporting year through a combination of direct renewable energy and the purchase of unbundled EACs.



Target reference number

Low 2

Year target was set 2020

Target coverage

Company-wide

Target type: energy carrier

Electricity

Target type: activity

Consumption

Target type: energy source

Renewable energy source(s) only

Base year

2020

Consumption or production of selected energy carrier in base year (MWh)

3,448,578

% share of low-carbon or renewable energy in base year

53

Target year

2025

% share of low-carbon or renewable energy in target year

100



% share of low-carbon or renewable energy in reporting year 62

% of target achieved relative to base year [auto-calculated] 19.1489361702

Target status in reporting year

Underway

Is this target part of an emissions target?

Abs1 Abs2

Abs4

Is this target part of an overarching initiative?

RE100

Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

In January 2020, we set a target to procure enough renewable energy to cover 100 percent of our electricity usage by 2025, meaning that we will have power purchase agreements (PPAs) for green energy contracted for 100 percent of carbon-emitting electricity consumed by all our datacenters, buildings, and campuses. We are on target to reach 100 percent in 2025. In July 2021, we set a new 100/100/0 goal: by 2030, 100 percent of Microsoft's electricity consumption, 100 percent of the time, will be matched by zero-carbon energy purchases.

Plan for achieving target, and progress made to the end of the reporting year

We will match our annual total operational electricity use each fiscal year with an equal amount of renewable energy purchased. Microsoft is contracting for direct renewable energy in the form of PPAs, virtual PPAs (vPPAs), attribute purchase agreements (APAs), green tariffs, and other direct purchasing mechanisms. In FY22, we signed new PPAs around the globe, bringing our total portfolio of carbon-free energy to over 13.5 GW, including more than 135 projects in 16 countries.

List the actions which contributed most to achieving this target



C4.2c

(C4.2c) Provide details of your net-zero target(s).

Target reference n	umber
NZ1	
Target coverage	
Company-wide	
Absolute/intensity	emission target(s) linked to this net-zero target
Abs1	
Abs2	
Abs3	
Int1	
Target year for ach	ieving net zero
2030	-

No, but we are reporting another target that is science-based

Please explain target coverage and identify any exclusions

By 2030 Microsoft will be carbon negative, and by 2050 Microsoft will remove from the atmosphere an equivalent amount of all the carbon dioxide the company has emitted either directly or by electrical consumption since it was founded in 1975. This will be achieved through both reductions in our Scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions (Abs1-3) and a portfolio of negative emission technologies (NETs), including forestry, soil carbon sequestration, bioenergy with carbon capture and storage (BECCS), and direct air capture (DAC). As we make progress toward our net zero target, we will maintain our commitment to achieving carbon neutrality (Abs4), which applies to our Scope 1, Scope 2 (market-based), and Scope 3 Category 6 (upstream business air travel only) emissions.



Do you intend to neutralize any unabated emissions with permanent carbon removals at the target year?

Yes

Planned milestones and/or near-term investments for neutralization at target year

In FY22, Microsoft signed new power purchase agreements (PPAs) around the globe, bringing our total portfolio of carbon-free energy to over 13.5 GW, on the path to having carbon-free PPAs cover 100 percent of the carbon-emitting electricity consumed by our datacenters, buildings, and campuses by 2025. In FY22, we also contracted for 1.4 million metric tons of carbon removal and made first-of-a-kind multi-year forward offtake commitments to carbon removal. We are deploying \$1 billion of our own capital in a Climate Innovation Fund to accelerate the development of carbon reduction and removal technologies that will help us become carbon negative.

Planned actions to mitigate emissions beyond your value chain (optional)

Microsoft plans to make use of "market-based" book-and-claim options, including use of PPA-based energy attribute certificates (EACs) and sustainable aviation fuel certificates to reduce our emissions. We also plan to pursue carbon dioxide removal projects to address our residual Scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions. Microsoft has published criteria for high-quality carbon dioxide removal (https://aka.ms/carbonremovalprojectcriteria), to help project developers initiate high-quality projects as well as help buyers in the assessment of high-quality projects.

C4.3

(C4.3) Did you have emissions reduction initiatives that were active within the reporting year? Note that this can include those in the planning and/or implementation phases.

Yes

C4.3a

(C4.3a) Identify the total number of initiatives at each stage of development, and for those in the implementation stages, the estimated CO2e savings.

	Number of initiatives	Total estimated annual CO2e savings in metric tonnes CO2e (only for rows marked *)		
Under investigation	43			



	Number of initiatives	Total estimated annual CO2e savings in metric tonnes CO2e (only for rows marked *)
To be implemented*	104	10,181,920
Implementation commenced*	26	1,544,680
Implemented*	43	2,486,660
Not to be implemented	25	

C4.3b

(C4.3b) Provide details on the initiatives implemented in the reporting year in the table below.

Initiative category & Initiative type

Transportation Company fleet vehicle efficiency

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

2,380

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 1

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

1,735,000

Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

0



Payback period

<1 year

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

Ongoing

Comment

Company car fleet emissions policies (1 project). Since FY13, the Microsoft Fleet team has been working to reduce the levels of greenhouse gas emissions (mainly carbon dioxide [CO2]) produced by Microsoft company cars by implementing upper CO2 limits in global and local car policies. These limits are lowered each year. In FY13 Q1, our company car fleet had an average of 142.26 g/km. At the end of FY21, the average was 106.23 g/km, and over the FY22 reporting year this was reduced to 95.72 g/km. The emissions savings reported here are specific to the reductions made during FY22. The cost savings are approximate fuel savings based on the emissions reductions. In parallel, we are supporting the transition into electric mobility in markets where this is feasible. This initiative reduces Scope 1 emissions included in our carbon neutral target and carbon negative target, set in FY20.

Initiative category & Initiative type

Low-carbon energy consumption Other, please specify Wind and solar

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

673,540

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 2 (market-based)

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)



0

Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

No payback

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

16-20 years

Comment

Power purchase agreements (PPAs) and green tariffs (32 projects). These low-carbon energy purchases were voluntary and not in relation to external regulation. The purchases resulted in the reduction of Scope 2 market-based emissions included within our carbon neutral target and carbon negative target, set in FY20. We have only reported incremental renewable energy certificates (RECs) from PPAs and green power tariffs here per CDP guidance; however, this figure does not represent the full scale of the commitment that we have made to using green power, which for the reporting period avoided market-based Scope 2 emissions by 6,093,243 metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent (mtCO2e) from our location-based emissions.

Initiative category & Initiative type

Low-carbon energy consumption Other, please specify Wind, solar, small-scale hydro, geothermal

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

838,420

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 2 (market-based)

Voluntary/Mandatory



Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

No payback

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

<1 year

Comment

Unbundled energy attribute certificate (EAC) purchases | Scope 2 (represented as 1 project). We continue to make a significant investment in low-carbon energy purchases through RECs (USA and Canada), guarantees of origin (GOs; EU), international RECs (I-RECs; Argentina, Brazil, Chile, China, Colombia, Egypt, Guatemala, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Israel, Jordan, Malaysia, Mexico, Panama, the Philippines, Russia, South Africa, Taiwan, Thailand, Turkey, the United Arab Emirates [UAE], and Vietnam), PowerPlus (South Korea), J-Credits and non-fossil certificates (NFCs) (Japan), renewable energy GOs (REGOs; UK), large-scale generation certificates (LGCs; Australia); Tradable Instruments for Global Renewables (TIGRs; Malaysia and Bangladesh); and New Zealand Energy Certificate System (NZECS) certificates (New Zealand). These low-carbon energy purchases were voluntary and not in relation to external regulation. The purchases resulted in the reduction of the Scope 2 market-based emissions included within our carbon neutral target. The expected lifetime of the purchase is one year and occurs in the year the green power was generated and accounted for by Microsoft. We have only reported incremental EAC purchases here per CDP guidance; however, this figure does not represent the full scale of the commitment that we have made to using green power, which for the reporting period reduced market-based Scope 2 emissions by 6,093,243 mtCO2e from our location-based emissions.

Initiative category & Initiative type Low-carbon energy generation

Solar PV



Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

60

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur Scope 2 (location-based)

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4) 89,000

Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

1,300,000

Payback period

11-15 years

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

16-20 years

Comment

Solar rooftop project (1 project). LinkedIn added solar PV to Building 1 of the new LinkedIn headquarters in Mountain View (CA). Total solar production for FY22 was 236,203 kWh. Estimated carbon savings are derived from the PG&E estimated utility mix carbon coefficient of 0.524 lbs per kWh.

Initiative category & Initiative type

Energy efficiency in production processes Other, please specify Process efficiencies and renewable energy procurement



Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

90,000

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 3 category 1: Purchased goods & services

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

0

Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

0

Payback period

No payback

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

Ongoing

Comment

Supplier decarbonization (1 project). We partner with devices suppliers on process efficiencies and renewable energy procurement. We have developed educational resources on how to set science-based targets and calculate GHG emissions, partnered with the International Finance Corporation of the World Bank Group to offer financing and advisory solutions, and connected factories with experts to identify carbon reduction opportunities.

Initiative category & Initiative type

Transportation Other, please specify



Resource efficiency

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e) 3,200

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur Scope 3 category 4: Upstream transportation & distribution

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

Ongoing

Comment

Shift to sea freight (1 project). Key network adjustments enabled a shift to sea freight, resulting in 3,200 mtCO2e savings. We do not disclose information on monetary savings and required investments related to this initiative.

Initiative category & Initiative type

Low-carbon energy consumption Other, please specify RECs



Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

1,850

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur Scope 3 category 4: Upstream transportation & distribution

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

No payback

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

<1 year

Comment

American distribution center renewable energy purchases (1 project). In FY22, we supported a major American distribution center for our Microsoft devices in purchasing renewable energy certificates (RECs). Microsoft drove the initiative and played a coordinating role to connect all parties to acquire RECs.

Initiative category & Initiative type

Transportation Other, please specify Resource efficiency



Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e) 900

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur Scope 3 category 4: Upstream transportation & distribution

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

Ongoing

Comment

Freight consolidation (1 project). Outbound freight consolidations for one US retailer yielded 900 mtCO2e savings. We do not disclose information on monetary savings and required investments related to this initiative.

Initiative category & Initiative type

Low-carbon energy generation Solar PV

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

690



Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 3 category 4: Upstream transportation & distribution

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

0

Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

0

Payback period

No payback

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

21-30 years

Comment

European distribution center renewable energy generation (1 project). With investments in on-site solar generation, our key European and American distribution centers, which handle over half of all Microsoft devices sold, now produce over 2 million kWh of solar energy and are 100 percent powered by renewable energy. Microsoft drove the initiative and played a coordinating role to connect all parties to acquire and install the solar capacity.

Initiative category & Initiative type

Low-carbon energy generation Solar PV

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

560



Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 3 category 4: Upstream transportation & distribution

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

0

Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

0

Payback period

No payback

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

21-30 years

Comment

American distribution center renewable energy generation (1 project). With investments in on-site solar generation, our key European and American distribution centers, which handle over half of all Microsoft devices sold, now produce over 2 million kWh of solar energy and are 100 percent powered by renewable energy. Microsoft drove the initiative and played a coordinating role to connect all parties to acquire and install the solar capacity.

Initiative category & Initiative type

Transportation Other, please specify Fuel switch

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)



60

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur Scope 3 category 6: Business travel

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

Ongoing

Comment

Sustainable aviation fuel (SAF) purchase (1 project). During FY22, Microsoft purchased SAF through SkyNRG, for a savings of more than 60 mtCO2e.

Initiative category & Initiative type

Low-carbon energy consumption Other, please specify Renewable energy procurement

Estimated annual CO2e savings (metric tonnes CO2e)

875,000



Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies) where emissions savings occur

Scope 3 category 11: Use of sold products

Voluntary/Mandatory

Voluntary

Annual monetary savings (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Investment required (unit currency – as specified in C0.4)

Payback period

No payback

Estimated lifetime of the initiative

<1 year

Comment

Unbundled energy attribute certificate (EAC) purchases | Scope 3 (represented as 1 project). These low-carbon energy purchases were voluntary and not in relation to external regulation. The purchases resulted in the reduction of Scope 3 Category 11 (management criteria) emissions included within our carbon negative target, set in FY20. The expected lifetime of the power purchased in FY22 is one year and occurs in the year the green power was generated and accounted for by Microsoft (FY22, the reporting period for this response).

C4.3c

(C4.3c) What methods do you use to drive investment in emissions reduction activities?

Method	Comment

C4.5

(C4.5) Do you classify any of your existing goods and/or services as low-carbon products?



C5. Emissions methodology

C5.1

(C5.1) Is this your first year of reporting emissions data to CDP? $$\operatorname{No}$$

C5.1a

(C5.1a) Has your organization undergone any structural changes in the reporting year, or are any previous structural changes being accounted for in this disclosure of emissions data?

Row 1

Has there been a structural change?

Yes, an acquisition

Name of organization(s) acquired, divested from, or merged with

ZeniMax Media Inc.

Details of structural change(s), including completion dates

Microsoft's structural changes policy is to begin including data the year following a merger and/or acquisition. Divestments will be reflected on data associated with the year when they occurred. As such, the FY22 data incorporates the impact from the ZeniMax acquisition, which was completed in March 2021.

C5.1b

(C5.1b) Has your emissions accounting methodology, boundary, and/or reporting year definition changed in the reporting year?



	Change(s) in methodology, boundary, and/or reporting year definition?	Details of methodology, boundary, and/or reporting year definition change(s)
Row 1	Yes, a change in methodology	In FY22 (the reporting year), our Scope 3 Category 11 values include the emissions of all Surface and Xbox devices active during the reporting year, using a telemetry-based methodology to account for their electricity usage. We use telemetry-based measurements and telemetry-informed extrapolations to produce regional electricity consumption and emissions values associated with the use of devices in scope. This methodology for capturing the use phase of sold products is not included in the GHG Protocol and has been assured by our auditor under a management criteria framework. We provide full details and updated emissions data for this management criteria in our 2022 Environmental Sustainability Data Fact Sheet (https://aka.ms/SustainabilityFactsheet2022).

C5.1c

(C5.1c) Have your organization's base year emissions and past years' emissions been recalculated as a result of any changes or errors reported in C5.1a and/or C5.1b?

	Base year recalculation	Scope(s) recalculated	Base year emissions recalculation policy, including significance threshold	Past years' recalculation
Row 1	Yes	Scope 2, location-based Scope 2, market-based Scope 3	 Scope 2, location based: In FY22 (the reporting year), we were able to disaggregate and identify previously unreported electricity for some of our leased datacenters due to improvements in our ability to capture such data. We have revised FY20 and FY21 Scope 2 location values to include this additional information. Scope 2, market based: In FY22 (the reporting year), we were able to disaggregate and identify previously unreported electricity for some of our leased datacenters due to improvements in our ability to capture such data. We have revised FY20 and FY21 Scope 2 market based: In FY22 (the reporting year), we were able to disaggregate and identify previously unreported electricity for some of our leased datacenters due to improvements in our ability to capture such data. We have revised FY20 and FY21 Scope 2 market values to include this additional information. Scope 3: We revised the following Scope 3 categories for the base year FY20: 	Yes



Base year recalculation	Scope(s) recalculated	Base year emissions recalculation policy, including significance threshold	Past years' recalculation
		 Category 3: We recalculated this category given the recalculation in Scope 2 to reflect previously unreported electricity for some of our leased datacenters. Category 9: We updated the emissions calculations for this category to reflect a change in methodology made based on the availability of more refined sales activity data. We updated the FY20 base year according to our internal recalculation policy to reflect this change. Category 11: We recalculated our FY20 Scope 3 Category 11 values to include the emissions of all Surface and Xbox devices active during the reporting year, using a telemetry-based methodology to account for their electricity usage. We use telemetry-based measurements and telemetry-informed extrapolations to produce regional electricity consumption and emissions values associated with the use of devices in scope. Category 13: We adjusted this category to reflect an accuracy improvement in reported emissions from spaces that Microsoft leases to third parties. 	

C5.2

(C5.2) Provide your base year and base year emissions.

Scope 1

Base year start July 1, 2019

Base year end

June 30, 2020

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

118,100

Comment



We have updated our base year for Scope 1 to Microsoft FY20, which is the base year for our carbon negative commitment and related targets.

Scope 2 (location-based)

Base year start

July 1, 2019

Base year end

June 30, 2020

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

4,328,916

Comment

We have updated our base year for Scope 2 (location and market) to Microsoft FY20, which is the base year for our carbon negative commitment and related targets. We recalculated these emissions in FY22 (reporting year), as indicated in C5.1c.

Scope 2 (market-based)

Base year start

July 1, 2019

Base year end

June 30, 2020

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

456,119

Comment

We have updated our base year for Scope 2 (location and market) to Microsoft FY20, which is the base year for our carbon negative commitment and related targets. We recalculated these emissions in FY22 (reporting year), as indicated in C5.1c.

Scope 3 category 1: Purchased goods and services



Base year start

July 1, 2019

Base year end June 30, 2020

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

4,156,000

Comment

Scope 3 category 2: Capital goods

Base year start

July 1, 2019

Base year end

June 30, 2020

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

2,962,000

Comment

Scope 3 category 3: Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2)

Base year start

July 1, 2019

Base year end

June 30, 2020



Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

300,000

Comment

We recalculated this category in FY22 (reporting year), as indicated in C5.1c.

Scope 3 category 4: Upstream transportation and distribution

Base year start

July 1, 2019

Base year end

June 30, 2020

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

102,000

Comment

Scope 3 category 5: Waste generated in operations

Base year start

July 1, 2019

Base year end

June 30, 2020

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

9,500

Comment



Scope 3 category 6: Business travel

Base year start

July 1, 2019

Base year end

June 30, 2020

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

329,356

Comment

Scope 3 category 7: Employee commuting

Base year start

July 1, 2019

Base year end

June 30, 2020

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

317,000

Comment

Scope 3 category 8: Upstream leased assets

Base year start July 1, 2019



Base year end

June 30, 2020

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

Comment

Not relevant. Microsoft includes leased assets in our Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions reporting boundary.

Scope 3 category 9: Downstream transportation and distribution

Base year start

July 1, 2019

Base year end

June 30, 2020

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

65,000

Comment

We recalculated this category in FY22 (reporting year), as indicated in C5.1c.

Scope 3 category 10: Processing of sold products

Base year start

July 1, 2019

Base year end

June 30, 2020

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)



Comment

Not relevant. Microsoft did not have any physical intermediate products in the years reported.

Scope 3 category 11: Use of sold products

Base year start

July 1, 2019

Base year end

June 30, 2020

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

2,600,000

Comment

We recalculated this category in FY22 (reporting year), as indicated in C5.1c.

Scope 3 category 12: End of life treatment of sold products

Base year start

July 1, 2019

Base year end

June 30, 2020

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

17,000

Comment

Scope 3 category 13: Downstream leased assets



Base year start

July 1, 2019

Base year end

June 30, 2020

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

11,800

Comment

We recalculated this category in FY22 (reporting year), as indicated in C5.1c.

Scope 3 category 14: Franchises

Base year start

July 1, 2019

Base year end

June 30, 2020

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

Comment

Not relevant. Microsoft did not operate franchises in the years reported.

Scope 3 category 15: Investments

Base year start

July 1, 2019

Base year end

June 30, 2020



Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

Comment

Not relevant for reported years. Joint ventures, actively managed investments, and direct equity investments totaled less than 2 percent of Microsoft's market capitalization at the end of the reporting period. Microsoft has not engaged in the long-term financing of projects and the proceeds for each debt issuance have been for general corporate purposes.

Scope 3: Other (upstream)

Base year start

Base year end

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)

Comment

Scope 3: Other (downstream)

Base year start

Base year end

Base year emissions (metric tons CO2e)



Comment

C5.3

(C5.3) Select the name of the standard, protocol, or methodology you have used to collect activity data and calculate emissions. The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: A Corporate Accounting and Reporting Standard (Revised Edition) The Greenhouse Gas Protocol: Scope 2 Guidance

C6. Emissions data

C6.1

(C6.1) What were your organization's gross global Scope 1 emissions in metric tons CO2e?

Reporting year

Gross global Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e) 139,413

Comment

C6.2

(C6.2) Describe your organization's approach to reporting Scope 2 emissions.

Row 1

Scope 2, location-based

We are reporting a Scope 2, location-based figure



Scope 2, market-based

We are reporting a Scope 2, market-based figure

Comment

C6.3

(C6.3) What were your organization's gross global Scope 2 emissions in metric tons CO2e?

Reporting year

Scope 2, location-based 6,381,250

Scope 2, market-based (if applicable)

288,029

Comment

Microsoft is committed to global renewable electricity procurement. We have procured renewable energy through power purchase agreements (PPAs) and other contracting instruments and as a result have low-carbon operations, reflected in our Scope 2 market-based emissions. Note that although Microsoft does not restate prior year's emissions within our CDP response, per our comments in C5.1c, in FY22 we recalculated our FY20 and FY21 Scope 2 emissions (location and market) to reflect previously unreported electricity for some leased datacenters. We provide updated emissions data in our 2022 Environmental Sustainability Data Fact Sheet (https://aka.ms/SustainabilityFactsheet2022).

C6.4

(C6.4) Are there any sources (e.g. facilities, specific GHGs, activities, geographies, etc.) of Scope 1, Scope 2 or Scope 3 emissions that are within your selected reporting boundary which are not included in your disclosure?

Yes



C6.4a

(C6.4a) Provide details of the sources of Scope 1, Scope 2, or Scope 3 emissions that are within your selected reporting boundary which are not included in your disclosure.

Source of excluded emissions

Emissions from mergers and acquisitions that occurred during the reporting year

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies)

Scope 1

- Scope 2 (location-based)
- Scope 2 (market-based)
- Scope 3: Purchased goods and services
- Scope 3: Capital goods
- Scope 3: Fuel and energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)
- Scope 3: Upstream transportation and distribution
- Scope 3: Waste generated in operations
- Scope 3: Business travel
- Scope 3: Employee commuting
- Scope 3: Downstream transportation and distribution
- Scope 3: Use of sold products
- Scope 3: End-of-life treatment of sold products
- Scope 3: Downstream leased assets

Relevance of Scope 1 emissions from this source

Emissions excluded due to a recent acquisition or merger

Relevance of location-based Scope 2 emissions from this source

Emissions excluded due to a recent acquisition or merger



Relevance of market-based Scope 2 emissions from this source Emissions excluded due to a recent acquisition or merger

Relevance of Scope 3 emissions from this source Emissions excluded due to a recent acquisition or merger

Date of completion of acquisition or merger

Estimated percentage of total Scope 1+2 emissions this excluded source represents

Estimated percentage of total Scope 3 emissions this excluded source represents

Explain why this source is excluded

Microsoft's structural changes policy is to begin including data the year following a merger and/or acquisition. Divestments will be reflected on data associated to the year when they occurred.

Explain how you estimated the percentage of emissions this excluded source represents

Source of excluded emissions

Emissions from device accessories

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies)

Scope 3: Use of sold products

Relevance of Scope 1 emissions from this source



Relevance of location-based Scope 2 emissions from this source

Relevance of market-based Scope 2 emissions from this source

Relevance of Scope 3 emissions from this source Emissions are not relevant

Date of completion of acquisition or merger

Estimated percentage of total Scope 1+2 emissions this excluded source represents

Estimated percentage of total Scope 3 emissions this excluded source represents

Explain why this source is excluded

For Scope 3 Category 11 Use of Sold Products (management's criteria), device accessories emissions fall under our significance threshold and are therefore not included.

Explain how you estimated the percentage of emissions this excluded source represents

Source of excluded emissions

Emissions from third-party devices running Microsoft software

Scope(s) or Scope 3 category(ies)

Scope 3: Use of sold products



Relevance of Scope 1 emissions from this source

Relevance of location-based Scope 2 emissions from this source

Relevance of market-based Scope 2 emissions from this source

Relevance of Scope 3 emissions from this source Emissions are not evaluated

Date of completion of acquisition or merger

Estimated percentage of total Scope 1+2 emissions this excluded source represents

Estimated percentage of total Scope 3 emissions this excluded source represents

Explain why this source is excluded

Emissions from third-party devices running Microsoft software are currently outside the scope of our carbon commitments and therefore not included.

Explain how you estimated the percentage of emissions this excluded source represents

C6.5

(C6.5) Account for your organization's gross global Scope 3 emissions, disclosing and explaining any exclusions.

Purchased goods and services



Evaluation status

Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e) 6.140,000

Emissions calculation methodology

Supplier-specific method Spend-based method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

70

Please explain

This category includes emissions from upstream purchasing of goods and services, including direct and indirect goods. Microsoft uses its suppliers' CDP Supply Chain responses to determine Scope 1, Scope 2, and upstream Scope 3 emission factors (mtCO2e/\$ revenue). The latest available responses are used, so this report's inventory considers 2022 submissions (that is, 2021 data). Microsoft estimates emissions from CDP Supply Chain respondents by multiplying the CDP-derived factor by the annual spend with the supplier. All other spend is mapped to corresponding industry sectors and then multiplied by cradle-to-gate emission factors by sector from UK Defra's "UK Defra, Table 13 – Indirect emissions from the supply chain. March 2014"—updated per the latest inflation and currency conversion rates. Corporate-wide expense data for all company divisions is obtained from the finance department. Activities already included in Scope 1 and Scope 2 (such as electricity purchases) and other Scope 3 categories (such as capital goods) were removed to prevent double counting. Global warming potentials (GWP) values are derived from the underlying CDP Supply Chain–based responses and Defra data sources. The reported values for this category have been rounded to the nearest thousand metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

Capital goods

Evaluation status

Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e) 4.026,000



Emissions calculation methodology

Supplier-specific method Spend-based method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

37

Please explain

This category includes emissions from upstream purchasing of capital goods, including server equipment and other long-term assets. Microsoft uses its suppliers' CDP Supply Chain responses to determine Scope 1, Scope 2, and upstream Scope 3 emission factors (mtCO2e/\$ revenue). The latest available responses are used, so this report's inventory considers 2022 submissions (that is, 2021 data). Microsoft estimates emissions from CDP Supply Chain respondents by multiplying the CDP-derived factor by the annual spend with the supplier. All other spend is mapped to corresponding industry sectors and then multiplied by cradle-to-gate emission factors by sector from UK Defra's "UK Defra, Table 13 – Indirect emissions from the supply chain. March 2014"—updated per the latest inflation and currency conversion rates. Corporate-wide expense data for all company divisions is obtained from the finance department. Activities already included in Scope 1 and Scope 2 (such as electricity purchases) and other Scope 3 categories (such as purchased goods and services) were removed to prevent double counting. GWP values are derived from the underlying CDP Supply Chain–based responses and Defra data sources. The reported values for this category have been rounded to the nearest thousand metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

Fuel-and-energy-related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2)

Evaluation status

Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

450,000

Emissions calculation methodology

Average data method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

98



Please explain

Since 2019, Microsoft has been reporting this category using both location- and market-based approaches, using the latter to track progress against our carbon negative commitment. Fuel- and energy-related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2) include three emission sources. First, upstream emissions of purchased electricity were calculated by multiplying electricity use by emission factors from lifecycle analysis tools for the United States and UK Defra 2015 Guidelines for non-US countries. When calculating the market-based approach and including the impact from purchased renewable electricity, the upstream emissions associated with fuel are zero. Second, fuel consumption was multiplied by emission factors from the GREET and Ecoinvent lifecycle analysis tools. And third, transmission and distribution (T&D) losses (by energy use type) were multiplied by loss percentages from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)'s eGRID2019 database for the United States and emission factors from International Energy Agency (IEA) (2021) emission factors for other countries. GWP values are from the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) Fourth Assessment Report (AR4), 100-year average. The reported values for this category have been rounded to the nearest thousand metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

Upstream transportation and distribution

Evaluation status

Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

240,000

Emissions calculation methodology

Supplier-specific method Spend-based method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

79

Please explain

This category includes emissions from upstream transportation of goods, including all transportation of goods that Microsoft finances. Microsoft uses its suppliers' CDP Supply Chain responses to determine Scope 1, Scope 2, and upstream Scope 3 emission factors (mtCO2e/\$ revenue). The latest available responses are used, so this report's inventory considers 2022 submissions (that is, 2021 data). Microsoft estimates



emissions from CDP Supply Chain respondents by multiplying the CDP-derived factor by the annual spend with the supplier. All other spend is mapped to corresponding industry sectors and then multiplied by cradle-to-gate emission factors by sector from UK Defra's "UK Defra, Table 13 – Indirect emissions from the supply chain. March 2014"—updated per the latest inflation and currency conversion rates. Corporate-wide expense data for all company divisions is obtained from the finance department. Spend data associated with our upstream transportation and distribution activities is then isolated within the corporate spend report. GWP values are derived from the underlying CDP Supply Chain–based responses and Defra data sources. The reported values for this category have been rounded to the nearest thousand metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

Waste generated in operations

Evaluation status

Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e) 8,000

Emissions calculation methodology

Average data method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

48

Please explain

The waste figure represents emissions from waste disposed via landfilling, incineration, recycling, and compost. Emissions from waste are calculated using methodologies and emission factors from the EPA's Waste Reduction Model (WARM), version 15. This model uses waste mass as the data input and bases its emissions calculations on a lifecycle analysis, including emissions from the long-term decomposition of waste in a landfill or from upstream sources/sinks. GWP values are from the IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4), 100-year average. The reported values for this category have been rounded to the nearest thousand metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

Business travel

Evaluation status



Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

139,000

Emissions calculation methodology

Spend-based method Fuel-based method Distance-based method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

93

Please explain

This category includes emissions from commercial air travel, hotel night stays, rail travel, reimbursed mileage, rental cars, and taxi/rideshares. For commercial air and rail travel, Microsoft Corporate Travel provides flight/ride-level airport codes and cabin class data. The airport/rail station codes are used to calculate distances to determine whether the flights/rides were short, medium, or long haul. Using the distance-based method, flight distances and cabin class are used to calculate CO2e emissions, using the appropriate emission factors from 2022 Government GHG Conversion Factors for Company Reporting. For hotel night stays, Microsoft's preferred hotel vendors provided emissions per hotel night stay coefficients. For other hotel chains, emissions were estimated based on nights stayed and the emission factors from the EPA's Greenhouse Gas Inventory Guidance: Indirect Emissions from Events and Conferences (Dec 2018). For rental cars, mileage, fuel, and emission data was provided from each rental car company. For taxi/rideshare and reimbursed mileage, emissions were estimated based on spend using emission factors from EPA Emission Factor Hub. March 2018. GWP values are from the IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4), 100-year average. The reported values for this category have been rounded to the nearest thousand metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

Employee commuting

Evaluation status

Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

141,000



Emissions calculation methodology

Average data method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

20

Please explain

This category captures emissions from commuting by all employees and contractors that work in Microsoft buildings. Microsoft conducted a survey in May 2022 to capture detailed commuting habits from employees and vendors at our Puget Sound campus, representing about 36 percent of global Microsoft headcount. The survey is typically conducted annually, and the results were scaled considering employee attendance records to estimate global commuting emissions for Microsoft. Carbon dioxide emission rates for passenger vehicles (single occupancy vehicle [SOV] and carpool) are based on fuel consumption and miles travelled. A weighted average fuel economy using the 2012 EPA Fuel Economy Trends Report 1975–2012 was derived, which provides combined fuel economy for cars and trucks by year, and a set of car and truck age fractions provided by the Puget Sound Regional Council. This data was used to develop a weighted average fuel economy for the Puget Sound area. Emission factors are derived from the Inventory of US Greenhouse Gas Emissions and Sinks: 1990–2010, Annex 2 (Methodology for estimating CO2 emissions from fossil fuel combustion). Carbon dioxide rates per passenger mile are based on Federal Transit Administration, 2010 (Public Transportation's Role in Responding to Climate Change, US DOT, Federal Transit Administration, January 2010). GWP values are from the IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4), 100-year average. As nearly all Microsoft employees worked from home during the COVID-19 pandemic, FY20 was the first year to include emission impacts from telework, and we have continued to include them in the subsequent years. Telework energy consumption is assumed to include workstation/plug-load energy usage, additional lighting, and household cooling/heating consumption. One laptop, two monitors, and three lightbulbs are assumed for each employee; other assumptions include 8 work hours/day and 250 days/year using the devices. Office/workspace floor area and cooling/heating intensity are assumed based on EIA's 2015 Residential Energy Consumption Survey (RECS) data. From these assumptions, a carbon emission intensity per employee is calculated, and total emissions are calculated by multiplying the intensity by number of employees working from home. The reported values for this category have been rounded to the nearest thousand metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

Upstream leased assets

Evaluation status

Not relevant, explanation provided



Please explain

Microsoft includes leased assets in our Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions reporting boundary.

Downstream transportation and distribution

Evaluation status

Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

69,000

Emissions calculation methodology

Average data method Distance-based method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

Please explain

Included in this category are the emissions from transporting and warehousing of devices that Microsoft sold during the reporting year (including Xbox devices, Microsoft Surface devices, HoloLens, keyboards, mice, and other peripherals) from retail distribution centers to retailers and between retail outlets and customers. Calculations are based on internal Microsoft sales data and use standard assumptions of distance between retailers and their distribution centers and warehouse floorspace from an MWPVL International analysis of Walmart's distribution center network. Assumptions about the energy intensity of warehouses come from the US Energy Information Administration (EIA)'s Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption Survey (2012). All transportation data is kept consistent with the Global Logistics Emissions Council Framework for Logistics Emissions Accounting and Reporting, Version 2.0. GWPs are from the IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4), 100-year average. The reported values for this category have been rounded to the nearest thousand metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

Processing of sold products

Evaluation status

Not relevant, explanation provided



Please explain

Microsoft did not have any physical intermediate products in the years reported.

Use of sold products

Evaluation status

Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

1,332,000

Emissions calculation methodology

Methodology for indirect use phase emissions, please specify Telemetry of products that consume electricity during use

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

Please explain

This category includes the emissions of all Surface and Xbox devices active during the reporting year, using a telemetry-based methodology to account for their electricity usage. We use telemetry-based measurements and telemetry-informed extrapolations to produce regional electricity consumption and emissions values associated with the use of devices in scope. For Xbox, telemetry data is gathered for all units still in use in relation to console mode, which is then multiplied by average power coefficients to calculate electricity use. For Surface, energy telemetry data is gathered from a representative sample of devices that are grouped based on the device model and location and then the average energy per device sampled is extrapolated to the respective full daily active device population group based on a rolling seven-day average. Emissions values from HoloLens, keyboards, mice, and other peripherals currently fall under our significance threshold and are not included. Emissions from third-party devices running Microsoft software are currently outside of the scope of our carbon commitments and therefore not accounted for or included. Electricity usage is estimated by country, and country average emission factors from the same sources highlighted for Scope 2 are used to estimate emissions. GWP values are from the IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4), 100-year average. The reported values for this category have been rounded to the nearest thousand metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

End of life treatment of sold products



Evaluation status

Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

18,000

Emissions calculation methodology

Waste-type-specific method

Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

0

Please explain

Included in this category is the end-of-life treatment of devices that Microsoft sold during the reporting year including Xbox devices, Surface devices, HoloLens, keyboards, mice, and other peripherals. End-of-life emissions for each product are based on modeling within our ISO 14040– and ISO 14044–compliant lifecycle analyses. To generate an estimate for this category, the model assumes that materials from devices are recycled, landfilled, or incinerated at the end of their useful life according to average collection and disposition rates for electronic devices worldwide. GWP values are from the IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4), 100-year average. The reported values for this category have been rounded to the nearest thousand metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

Downstream leased assets

Evaluation status

Relevant, calculated

Emissions in reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

8,000

Emissions calculation methodology

Average data method Asset-specific method



Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners

62

Please explain

Emissions associated with sublets are calculated using intensities derived from data collected for the primary leased space (for example, kilowatt-hours/square foot [kWh/sf]) and prorated for the square footage of the sublet space. In this way, it is assumed that the emissions intensities of the leased spaces are the same as the overall buildings in which they reside. Estimated refrigerants are calculated using the same methodology and intensity as used to calculate refrigerant intensities for assets occupied by Microsoft. Electricity emission factors used are those appropriate to each location, as utilized in our Scope 1 and Scope 2 location-based inventory. GWP values are from the IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4), 100-year average. The reported values for this category have been rounded to the nearest thousand metric tons of carbon dioxide equivalent.

Franchises

Evaluation status

Not relevant, explanation provided

Please explain

Microsoft did not operate franchises in the years reported.

Investments

Evaluation status

Not relevant, explanation provided

Please explain

Not relevant for reported years. Joint ventures, actively managed investments, and direct equity investments totaled less than 2 percent of Microsoft's market capitalization at the end of the reporting period. Microsoft has not engaged in the long-term financing of projects, and the proceeds for each debt issuance have been for general corporate purposes.

Other (upstream)



Evaluation status

Please explain

Other (downstream)

Evaluation status

Please explain

C6.7

(C6.7) Are carbon dioxide emissions from biogenic carbon relevant to your organization? No

C6.10

(C6.10) Describe your gross global combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions for the reporting year in metric tons CO2e per unit currency total revenue and provide any additional intensity metrics that are appropriate to your business operations.

Intensity figure 0.000002156

Metric numerator (Gross global combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions, metric tons CO2e) 427,442



Metric denominator

unit total revenue

Metric denominator: Unit total 198,270,000,000

Scope 2 figure used Market-based

% change from previous year 34

Direction of change

Decreased

Reason(s) for change

Change in renewable energy consumption

Please explain

In 2022, we were able to disaggregate and identify previously unreported electricity for some of our leased datacenters due to improvements in our ability to capture such data. We have revised our FY21 Scope 2 market and location values to include this additional information. In FY22, we included this activity in our results and procured unbundled renewable energy certificates (RECs) to mitigate the increased emissions for FY22. Without this revision, our Scope 1 and 2 market-based emissions would have remained proportional with business growth. Our year-over-year figures show a 23 percent reduction in Scope 1 and 2 market-based emissions, which is driven in part by our substantial incremental investment in power purchase agreements (PPAs) and unbundled energy attribute certificates (EACs), which resulted in the increased avoidance of 1,511,960 mtCO2e in Scope 2 emissions over the previous year for FY22. Our revenue increased by 18 percent from FY21 to FY22.

Intensity figure 1.934128725



Metric numerator (Gross global combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions, metric tons CO2e)

427,442

Metric denominator

full time equivalent (FTE) employee

Metric denominator: Unit total

221,000

Scope 2 figure used

Market-based

% change from previous year 37

Direction of change

Decreased

Reason(s) for change

Change in renewable energy consumption

Please explain

In 2022, we were able to disaggregate and identify previously unreported electricity for some of our leased datacenters due to improvements in our ability to capture such data. We have revised our FY21 Scope 2 market and location values to include this additional information. In FY22, we included this activity in our results and procured unbundled RECs to mitigate the increased emissions for FY22. Without this revision, our Scope 1 and 2 market-based emissions would have remained proportional with business growth. Our year-over-year figures show a 23 percent reduction in Scope 1 and 2 market-based emissions, which is driven in part by our substantial incremental investment in PPAs and unbundled EACs, which resulted in the increased avoidance of 1,511,960 mtCO2e in Scope 2 emissions over the previous year for FY22. FTEs increased by 22 percent from FY21 to FY22.



C7. Emissions breakdowns

C7.1

(C7.1) Does your organization break down its Scope 1 emissions by greenhouse gas type?

Yes

C7.1a

(C7.1a) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by greenhouse gas type and provide the source of each used greenhouse warming potential (GWP).

Greenhouse gas	Scope 1 emissions (metric tons of CO2e)	GWP Reference
CO2	99,123	IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4 - 100 year)
CH4	62	IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4 - 100 year)
N2O	209	IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4 - 100 year)
HFCs	39,993	IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4 - 100 year)
SF6	26	IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4 - 100 year)

C7.2

(C7.2) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by country/area/region.

Country/area/region	Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)	
Asia Pacific (or JAPA)	13,532	
Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA)	68,181	
Latin America (LATAM)	4,522	



Country/area/region	Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)
North America	53,178

C7.3

(C7.3) Indicate which gross global Scope 1 emissions breakdowns you are able to provide.

By activity

C7.3c

(C7.3c) Break down your total gross global Scope 1 emissions by business activity.

Activity	Scope 1 emissions (metric tons CO2e)		
Datacenter	83,099		
Ground transportation	24,940		
Office	23,053		
Travel	8,321		

C7.5

(C7.5) Break down your total gross global Scope 2 emissions by country/area/region.

Country/area/region	Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)	Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)	
Asia Pacific (or JAPA)	1,660,153	274,585	
Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA)	1,252,717	13,167	
Latin America (LATAM)	51,328	247	
North America	3,417,052	30	



C7.6

(C7.6) Indicate which gross global Scope 2 emissions breakdowns you are able to provide.

By activity

C7.6c

(C7.6c) Break down your total gross global Scope 2 emissions by business activity.

Activity	Scope 2, location-based (metric tons CO2e)	Scope 2, market-based (metric tons CO2e)	
Datacenter	6,102,847	280,782	
Office	276,028	7,247	
Ground transportation	2,375	0	

C7.7

(C7.7) Is your organization able to break down your emissions data for any of the subsidiaries included in your CDP response? No

C7.9

(C7.9) How do your gross global emissions (Scope 1 and 2 combined) for the reporting year compare to those of the previous reporting year?

Decreased

C7.9a

(C7.9a) Identify the reasons for any change in your gross global emissions (Scope 1 and 2 combined), and for each of them specify how your emissions compare to the previous year.



	Change in emissions (metric tons CO2e)	Direction of change in emissions	Emissions value (percentage)	Please explain calculation
Change in renewable energy consumption	1,511,960	Decreased	273	In 2022, we were able to disaggregate and identify previously unreported electricity for some of our leased datacenters due to improvements in our ability to capture such data. We have revised our FY21 Scope 2 market and location values to include this additional information. In FY22, we included this activity in our results and procured unbundled renewable energy certificates (RECs) to mitigate the increased emissions for FY22. Without this revision, our Scope 1 and 2 market-based emissions would have remained proportional with business growth. Our year-over-year figures show a 23 percent reduction in Scope 1 and 2 market-based emissions, which is driven in part by our substantial incremental investment in power purchase agreements (PPAs) and unbundled energy attribute certificates (EACs), which resulted in the increased avoidance of 1,511,960 mtCO2e in Scope 2 emissions over the previous year for FY22. This incremental emission avoidance is larger than last year's Scope 1 + Scope 2 market-based emissions, leading to a high reduction percentage. FY21 Scope 1 + Scope 2 market-based emissions were 553,109 mtCO2e. We arrived at a 273 percent reduction by dividing the reductions due to renewable energy purchases by the FY21 market-based emissions [(1,511,960/553,109)*100%=273%].
Other emissions reduction activities	2,440	Decreased	0.4	We have decreased our Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions related to our operations— including offices, datacenters, and development labs—through emissions reduction activities. For our office campuses, these activities range from adding low-carbon energy generation (by installing solar photovoltaic [PV] panels on building rooftops) to reducing the emissions associated with our company car fleet. In addition, we invest in the infrastructure efficiency of our datacenters, applying our learning in deployed and new datacenter designs. Using AI and machine learning will result in further improvements over time. All future new-build, owned datacenters will be LEED Gold certified with an emphasis on water and energy conservation. In FY22 (the reporting



	Change in emissions (metric tons CO2e)	Direction of change in emissions	Emissions value (percentage)	Please explain calculation
				period), we reduced our Scope 1 and 2 emissions by 2,440 mtCO2e through these internal energy efficiency projects. FY21 Scope 1 + Scope 2 market-based emissions were 553,109 mtCO2e. We arrived at 0.4 percent reduction by dividing the reductions due to other emissions reduction activities by the FY21 market-based emissions [(2,440/553,109)*100%=0.4%]. Note: The figure provided here represents quantified reductions from specific initiatives, but Microsoft routinely implements high-efficiency and low-carbon operational measures that are not explicitly tracked and quantified and therefore not included in this figure.
Divestment				
Acquisitions				
Mergers				
Change in output	1,386,292	Increased	251	Microsoft as an organization grew in FY22. In 2022, we were able to disaggregate and identify previously unreported electricity for some of our leased datacenters due to improvements in our ability to capture such data. We have revised our FY21 Scope 2 market and location values to include this additional information. In FY22, we included this activity in our results and procured unbundled RECs to mitigate the increased emissions for FY22. Without this revision, our Scope 1 and 2 market-based emissions would have remained proportional with business growth. Our year-over-year figures show a 23 percent reduction in Scope 1 and 2 market-based emissions, which is driven in part by our substantial incremental investment in PPAs and unbundled EACs, which resulted in the increased avoidance of 1,511,960 mtCO2e in Scope 2 emissions over the previous year for FY22. Had we not taken these steps, we would have seen emissions increase by 1,386,292 mtCO2e. We arrived at 251 percent by



	Change in emissions (metric tons CO2e)	Direction of change in emissions	Emissions value (percentage)	Please explain calculation
				dividing the emissions increase by the FY21 market-based emissions [(1,386,292/553,109)*100%=251%].
Change in methodology				
Change in boundary				
Change in physical operating conditions				
Unidentified				
Other				

C7.9b

(C7.9b) Are your emissions performance calculations in C7.9 and C7.9a based on a location-based Scope 2 emissions figure or a market-based Scope 2 emissions figure?

Market-based



C8. Energy

C8.1

(C8.1) What percentage of your total operational spend in the reporting year was on energy? More than 0% but less than or equal to 5%

C8.2

(C8.2) Select which energy-related activities your organization has undertaken.

	Indicate whether your organization undertook this energy-related activity in the reporting year
Consumption of fuel (excluding feedstocks)	Yes
Consumption of purchased or acquired electricity	Yes
Consumption of purchased or acquired heat	No
Consumption of purchased or acquired steam	Yes
Consumption of purchased or acquired cooling	Yes
Generation of electricity, heat, steam, or cooling	Yes

C8.2a

(C8.2a) Report your organization's energy consumption totals (excluding feedstocks) in MWh.

	Heating value	MWh from renewable sources	MWh from non-renewable sources	Total (renewable and non- renewable) MWh
Consumption of fuel (excluding feedstock)	HHV (higher heating value)	0	473,137	473,137



	Heating value	MWh from renewable sources	MWh from non-renewable sources	Total (renewable and non- renewable) MWh
Consumption of purchased or acquired electricity		17,517,880	635,338	18,153,218
Consumption of purchased or acquired steam		0	10,888	10,888
Consumption of purchased or acquired cooling		0	7,393	7,393
Consumption of self-generated non-fuel renewable energy		236		236
Total energy consumption		17,518,116	1,126,755	18,644,872

C8.2b

(C8.2b) Select the applications of your organization's consumption of fuel.

	Indicate whether your organization undertakes this fuel application
Consumption of fuel for the generation of electricity	Yes
Consumption of fuel for the generation of heat	Yes
Consumption of fuel for the generation of steam	No
Consumption of fuel for the generation of cooling	No
Consumption of fuel for co-generation or tri-generation	No

C8.2c

(C8.2c) State how much fuel in MWh your organization has consumed (excluding feedstocks) by fuel type.



Sustainable biomass

Heating value
Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization
MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity
MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat
Comment
Other biomass
Heating value
Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization
MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity
MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat
Comment



Other renewable fuels (e.g. renewable hydrogen) Heating value HHV Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization 0 MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity 0 MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat 0 Comment

Coal

Heating value HHV Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization 0 MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity 0 MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat 0 Comment



Oil

Heating value HHV Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization 199,173 MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity

71,732

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat 127,441

Comment

Gas

Heating value HHV

Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization 273,964

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity 180,743

MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat

93,221

Comment



Other non-renewable fuels (e.g. non-renewable hydrogen)

Heating value	
Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization	
MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of electricity	
MWh fuel consumed for self-generation of heat	
Comment	
Comment Total fuel	
Total fuel Heating value	
Total fuel Heating value HHV Total fuel MWh consumed by the organization	

Comment



C8.2d

(C8.2d) Provide details on the electricity, heat, steam, and cooling your organization has generated and consumed in the reporting year.

	Total Gross generation (MWh)	Generation that is consumed by the organization (MWh)	Gross generation from renewable sources (MWh)	Generation from renewable sources that is consumed by the organization (MWh)
Electricity	88,603	88,603	236	236
Heat	74,577	74,577	0	0
Steam	0	0	0	0
Cooling	0	0	0	0

C8.2g

(C8.2g) Provide a breakdown by country/area of your non-fuel energy consumption in the reporting year.

Country/area Other, please specify Asia Pacific (or JAPA) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 2,629,500 Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) 0 Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? No



Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 5,979

Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)

Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]

2,635,479

Country/area Other, please specify Europe, Middle East and Africa (EMEA) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 4,226,715 Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) 0 Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? No Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 12,170 Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0 Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]



4,238,885

Country/area	
Other, please s	pecify
Latin Amer	rica (LATAM)
Consumption of	purchased electricity (MWh)
330,254	
Consumption of	self-generated electricity (MWh)
0	
Is this electricity	consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment?
No	
Consumption of	purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)
0	
Consumption of	self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh)
0	
Total non-fuel en	ergy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated]
330,254	
·	

Country/area

Other, please specify North America



Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh) 10,966,749 Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh) 236 Is this electricity consumption excluded from your RE100 commitment? No Consumption of purchased heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 132 Consumption of self-generated heat, steam, and cooling (MWh) 0 Total non-fuel energy consumption (MWh) [Auto-calculated] 10,967,117

C8.2h

(C8.2h) Provide details of your organization's renewable electricity purchases in the reporting year by country/area.

Country/area of consumption of purchased renewable electricity

United States of America

Sourcing method Financial (virtual) power purchase agreement (VPPA)

Renewable electricity technology type

Renewable electricity mix, please specify



Wind, solar, large hydropower (>25 MW)

Renewable electricity consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

6,347,366

Tracking instrument used

US-REC

Country/area of origin (generation) of purchased renewable electricity

United States of America

Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility? No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)

Vintage of the renewable energy/attribute (i.e. year of generation) 2022

Supply arrangement start year

2015

Additional, voluntary label associated with purchased renewable electricity

No additional, voluntary label

Comment

Wind: Starting in FY15, Microsoft entered into a virtual power purchase agreement (PPA) with Enbridge LLC to procure 100 percent wind energy in the state of Texas. In FY16, an additional PPA, signed with EDF Renewable Energy, came online to deliver 100 percent wind energy in the state of Illinois. In FY17, an additional PPA, signed with Black Hills Energy, came online to deliver 100 percent wind energy in the state of Wyoming. In FY18, we started receiving renewable energy certificates (RECs) from the Bloom Wind project in Kansas. In FY20, Microsoft began sourcing 100 percent wind energy from the Big Level and Timber Road wind projects in Pennsylvania and Ohio, respectively. Solar: In FY18, Microsoft began receiving RECs from the Remington solar project in Virginia. In FY20, Microsoft began receiving 100 percent solar



energy from the Pleinmont and Wilkinson projects in Virginia and North Carolina, respectively. Large hydropower: Beginning in FY19, our agreement with Chelan PUD went into effect to secure incremental hydro green power for our Puget Sound campus. Securing PPAs in this way is part of the comprehensive Microsoft strategy to procure 100 percent green power, and Microsoft is currently developing additional, similar PPAs.

Country/area of consumption of purchased renewable electricity

Netherlands

Sourcing method

Financial (virtual) power purchase agreement (VPPA)

Renewable electricity technology type

Renewable electricity mix, please specify Wind, solar, hydro (unknown capacity)

Renewable electricity consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

1,880,658

Tracking instrument used

Other, please specify GO, I-REC

Country/area of origin (generation) of purchased renewable electricity Netherlands

Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility? No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)



Vintage of the renewable energy/attribute (i.e. year of generation)

2022

Supply arrangement start year

2019

Additional, voluntary label associated with purchased renewable electricity

No additional, voluntary label

Comment

Wind: In FY19, Microsoft began receiving 100 percent wind energy from the Tullahennel wind farm in County Kerry, Ireland, as part of a PPA signed with GE. In FY20, Microsoft began receiving 100 percent wind energy from the Wieringermeer wind farm in the Netherlands. Solar: In FY20, Microsoft began receiving 100 percent renewable solar electricity from the 60 MW Sunseap solar portfolio, which spans hundreds of rooftops across the nation of Singapore, the single-largest solar energy portfolio in Singapore to date. Securing PPAs in this way is part of the comprehensive Microsoft strategy to procure 100 percent green power, and Microsoft is currently developing additional, similar PPAs. We have listed the Netherlands in the country dropdown list, but these energy attribute certificates (EACs) were generated and consumed in Austria, Denmark, India, Ireland, the Netherlands, Singapore, and Spain.

Country/area of consumption of purchased renewable electricity

United States of America

Sourcing method

Retail supply contract with an electricity supplier (retail green electricity)

Renewable electricity technology type

Renewable electricity mix, please specify Wind, solar

Renewable electricity consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

28,233



Tracking instrument used

US-REC

Country/area of origin (generation) of purchased renewable electricity

United States of America

Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility? No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)

Vintage of the renewable energy/attribute (i.e. year of generation) 2022

Supply arrangement start year

2018

Additional, voluntary label associated with purchased renewable electricity

Green-e

Comment

Our LinkedIn offices in San Francisco and Silicon Valley receive 100 percent green power via their utilities: CleanPower SF and Silicon Valley Clean Energy, respectively. Our LinkedIn offices in Ireland and Sydney receive 100 percent green power via their utilities, SSE Airtricity and Energy Australia, respectively. We have listed the United States in the country dropdown list, but these EACs were generated and consumed in the US, Ireland, and Australia.

Country/area of consumption of purchased renewable electricity

United States of America

Sourcing method



Unbundled procurement of Energy Attribute Certificates (EACs)

Renewable electricity technology type

Renewable electricity mix, please specify Wind, solar, hydro (unknown capacity)

Renewable electricity consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh) 4,600,302

Tracking instrument used US-REC

- Country/area of origin (generation) of purchased renewable electricity United States of America
- Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility? No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)

Vintage of the renewable energy/attribute (i.e. year of generation)

2021

Supply arrangement start year

2012

Additional, voluntary label associated with purchased renewable electricity

Green-e

Comment



In the United States and Canada, we are supplied with 100 percent renewable green power through the purchase of RECs. All RECs are Green-e certified. We have listed the United States in the country dropdown list, but these EACs were generated and consumed throughout North America.

Country/area of consumption of purchased renewable electricity Netherlands

Sourcing method

Unbundled procurement of Energy Attribute Certificates (EACs)

Renewable electricity technology type

Renewable electricity mix, please specify Wind, solar, geothermal

Renewable electricity consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

1,721,687

Tracking instrument used

GO

Country/area of origin (generation) of purchased renewable electricity

Netherlands

Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility? No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)

Vintage of the renewable energy/attribute (i.e. year of generation)

2021



Supply arrangement start year

2015

Additional, voluntary label associated with purchased renewable electricity

Other, please specify A portion has EECS certification

Comment

In the European Union (EU), we are supplied with 100 percent renewable green power through the purchase of guarantees of origin (GOs). We have listed the Netherlands in the country dropdown list, but these EACs were generated and consumed throughout the European common market.

Country/area of consumption of purchased renewable electricity

Brazil

Sourcing method

Unbundled procurement of Energy Attribute Certificates (EACs)

Renewable electricity technology type

Renewable electricity mix, please specify Wind, solar, biomass, geothermal, hydro

Renewable electricity consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

1,285,266

Tracking instrument used

I-REC

Country/area of origin (generation) of purchased renewable electricity

Brazil



Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility? No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)

Vintage of the renewable energy/attribute (i.e. year of generation) 2022

Supply arrangement start year 2016

Additional, voluntary label associated with purchased renewable electricity

No additional, voluntary label

Comment

In Argentina, Brazil, Chile, China, Colombia, Egypt, Guatemala, Honduras, India, Indonesia, Israel, Jordan, Mexico, Panama, the Philippines, Russia, South Africa, Taiwan, Thailand, Turkey, the United Arab Emirates (UAE), and Vietnam, we are supplied with 100 percent renewable green power through the purchase of international REC (I-REC) instruments. We have listed Brazil in the country dropdown list, but these EACs were generated and consumed in a combination of all of these countries.

Country/area of consumption of purchased renewable electricity

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Sourcing method

Unbundled procurement of Energy Attribute Certificates (EACs)

Renewable electricity technology type

Renewable electricity mix, please specify Wind, solar, geothermal



Renewable electricity consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh) 559,930

Tracking instrument used REGO

Country/area of origin (generation) of purchased renewable electricity United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility? No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)

Vintage of the renewable energy/attribute (i.e. year of generation)

2022

Supply arrangement start year

2018

Additional, voluntary label associated with purchased renewable electricity

No additional, voluntary label

Comment

In the UK, we are supplied with 100 percent renewable green power through the purchase of renewable energy guarantees of origin (REGOs).

Country/area of consumption of purchased renewable electricity

Australia

Sourcing method



Unbundled procurement of Energy Attribute Certificates (EACs)

Renewable electricity technology type

Renewable electricity mix, please specify Wind, solar

Renewable electricity consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh) 531,135

Tracking instrument used

Australian LGC

Country/area of origin (generation) of purchased renewable electricity Australia

Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility? No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)

Vintage of the renewable energy/attribute (i.e. year of generation)

2022

Supply arrangement start year

2015

Additional, voluntary label associated with purchased renewable electricity

No additional, voluntary label

Comment

In Australia, we are supplied with 100 percent renewable green power through the purchase of large-scale generation certificates (LGCs).



Country/area of consumption of purchased renewable electricity

Japan

Sourcing method Unbundled procurement of Energy Attribute Certificates (EACs) Renewable electricity technology type Renewable electricity mix, please specify Wind, solar, geothermal Renewable electricity consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh) 510.091 **Tracking instrument used** Other, please specify NFC, J-Credit Country/area of origin (generation) of purchased renewable electricity Japan Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility? No Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering) Vintage of the renewable energy/attribute (i.e. year of generation) 2022

Supply arrangement start year

2018



Additional, voluntary label associated with purchased renewable electricity

No additional, voluntary label

Comment

In Japan, we are supplied with 100 percent renewable green power through the purchase of Japanese J-Credits and non-fossil certificates (NFCs).

Country/area of consumption of purchased renewable electricity

Republic of Korea

Sourcing method

Unbundled procurement of Energy Attribute Certificates (EACs)

Renewable electricity technology type

Wind

Renewable electricity consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

30,791

Tracking instrument used

Other, please specify PowerPlus

Country/area of origin (generation) of purchased renewable electricity

Republic of Korea

Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility?

No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)



Vintage of the renewable energy/attribute (i.e. year of generation) 2021

Supply arrangement start year

2016

Additional, voluntary label associated with purchased renewable electricity

No additional, voluntary label

Comment

In South Korea, we cover a portion of electricity load with renewable green power through the purchase of PowerPlus instruments.

Country/area of consumption of purchased renewable electricity

Malaysia

Sourcing method

Unbundled procurement of Energy Attribute Certificates (EACs)

Renewable electricity technology type

Solar

Renewable electricity consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

21,786

Tracking instrument used

Other, please specify TIGR, I-REC

Country/area of origin (generation) of purchased renewable electricity

Malaysia



Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility? No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)

Vintage of the renewable energy/attribute (i.e. year of generation) 2022

Supply arrangement start year 2019

Additional, voluntary label associated with purchased renewable electricity

No additional, voluntary label

Comment

In Malaysia and Bangladesh, we are supplied with 100 percent renewable green power through the purchase of Tradable Instruments for Global Renewables (TIGRs). For Malaysia, a portion of green power was through the purchase of I-RECs. We have listed Republic of Malaysia in the country dropdown list, but these EACs were generated and consumed in a combination of Malaysia and Bangladesh.

Country/area of consumption of purchased renewable electricity

New Zealand

Sourcing method

Unbundled procurement of Energy Attribute Certificates (EACs)

Renewable electricity technology type

Small hydropower (<25 MW)

Renewable electricity consumed via selected sourcing method in the reporting year (MWh)

634



Tracking instrument used

NZREC

- Country/area of origin (generation) of purchased renewable electricity New Zealand
- Are you able to report the commissioning or re-powering year of the energy generation facility? No

Commissioning year of the energy generation facility (e.g. date of first commercial operation or repowering)

Vintage of the renewable energy/attribute (i.e. year of generation) 2022

Supply arrangement start year

2022

Additional, voluntary label associated with purchased renewable electricity

No additional, voluntary label

Comment

In New Zealand, we are supplied with 100 percent renewable green power through the purchase of New Zealand Energy Certificate System (NZECS) certificates.

C8.2i

(C8.2i) Provide details of your organization's low-carbon heat, steam, and cooling purchases in the reporting year by country/area.

Sourcing method

None (no purchases of low-carbon heat, steam, or cooling)



Country/area of consumption of low-carbon heat, steam or cooling

Energy carrier

Low-carbon technology type

Low-carbon heat, steam, or cooling consumed (MWh)

Comment

C8.2j

(C8.2j) Provide details of your organization's renewable electricity generation by country/area in the reporting year.

Country/area of generation United States of America Renewable electricity technology type Solar Facility capacity (MW) 0.25 Total renewable electricity generated by this facility in the reporting year (MWh) 236



Renewable electricity consumed by your organization from this facility in the reporting year (MWh) 236

Energy attribute certificates issued for this generation No

Type of energy attribute certificate

Comment

C8.2k

(C8.2k) Describe how your organization's renewable electricity sourcing strategy directly or indirectly contributes to bringing new capacity into the grid in the countries/areas in which you operate.

The vast majority of Microsoft's direct carbon emissions footprint comes from electricity and, as such, our work on carbon reduction has centered on using less of it, while at the same time ensuring we support the adoption of more carbon-free energy in the grids where we operate. Our renewable energy sourcing strategy both directly and indirectly brings new capacity into the grid in the countries/areas in which we operate.

Direct impact: Recognizing the importance of linking our renewable purchases to new impactful and additional renewable energy projects, Microsoft sources renewable energy through long-term power purchase agreements (PPAs). A PPA is a direct contractual relationship between a purchaser and a supplier for new renewable energy via a project or several projects; that is, the execution of the PPA provides the necessary revenue stream for new renewable energy projects to be built. The direct contract establishes greater investor confidence in renewable projects and paves the way for more renewable generation on the grid. In FY22, we signed new PPAs around the globe, bringing our total portfolio of carbon-free energy to over 13.5 gigawatts (GW), including more than 135 projects in 16 countries. Microsoft prioritizes pursuing PPAs in the regions where we operate. This prioritization is further emphasized by the 100/100/0 goal we set in July 2021. Under this commitment, by 2030, 100 percent of Microsoft's electricity consumption, 100 percent of the time, will be matched by zero-carbon energy purchases. Pursuing this commitment will require both supporting carbon-free generation in the regions where we operate and supporting flexible resources such as energy storage to fill in the gaps when renewable energy sources are not generating.



Indirect impact: Microsoft purchases unbundled energy attribute certificates (EACs) to cover our Scope 2 consumption that is not covered by PPAs. While less impactful than long-term contracts for new renewable projects, unbundled EAC purchases contribute to a price signal that indirectly provides an incentive for the development and maintenance of carbon-free generation in the areas where we operate. In addition, recognizing that the energy transition will affect all and needs to benefit all, we have built climate equity into our purchasing commitments. We worked with partners to develop an Environmental Justice Measurement & Evaluation Framework, which guides our approach to carbon-free procurement. For example, we supported the development of two new community solar gardens in Illinois, which are expected to have a capacity of 4.75 megawatts (MW) with a focus on expanding access to renewable power to traditionally under-resourced populations. We also supported a 6.6-MW solar facility in Panola County, Mississippi, which provides first-time solar access to consumers in a county with majority Black residents and a poverty rate that is double the United States average. We know that our actions alone will not decarbonize the grids, but we are committed to taking ambitious action to drive market demand signals that will influence the speed and scale at which the transformation happens. As Microsoft builds the tools and markets to meet our zero-carbon commitments, we are mindful of the need for products, purchases, and policies that will enable a carbon-free energy system for all.

C8.21

(C8.2I) In the reporting year, has your organization faced any challenges to sourcing renewable electricity?

	Challenges to sourcing renewable electricity	Challenges faced by your organization which were not country/area-specific	
Row	· · ·	Microsoft strives to procure renewable energy in the grids that it operates in; however, policies and market structures that	
1	countries/areas and in general	enable us to procure renewable energy don't exist in every market today. We have also seen broad challenges with permitting and interconnection that challenge our ability to drive development of new renewable generation. Additionally,	
	90110101	in FY22 we witnessed increasing supply chain challenges that threaten delays to projects.	



C8.2m

(C8.2m) Provide details of the country/area-specific challenges to sourcing renewable electricity faced by your organization in the reporting year.

Country/area	Reason(s) why it was challenging to source renewable electricity within selected country/area	Provide additional details of the barriers faced within this country/area
Singapore	Limited supply of renewable electricity in the market	
Qatar	Lack of credible renewable electricity procurement options (e.g. EACs, Green Tariffs)	
Costa Rica	Lack of credible renewable electricity procurement options (e.g. EACs, Green Tariffs)	
Russian Federation	Lack of credible renewable electricity procurement options (e.g. EACs, Green Tariffs)	
Egypt	Lack of credible renewable electricity procurement options (e.g. EACs, Green Tariffs)	
Serbia	Lack of credible renewable electricity procurement options (e.g. EACs, Green Tariffs)	
Nigeria	Lack of credible renewable electricity procurement options (e.g. EACs, Green Tariffs)	
Republic of Korea	Lack of credible renewable electricity procurement options (e.g. EACs, Green Tariffs)	



C9. Additional metrics

C9.1

(C9.1) Provide any additional climate-related metrics relevant to your business.

C10. Verification

C10.1

(C10.1) Indicate the verification/assurance status that applies to your reported emissions.

	Verification/assurance status
Scope 1	Third-party verification or assurance process in place
Scope 2 (location-based or market-based)	Third-party verification or assurance process in place
Scope 3	Third-party verification or assurance process in place

C10.1a

(C10.1a) Provide further details of the verification/assurance undertaken for your Scope 1 emissions, and attach the relevant statements.

Verification or assurance cycle in place Annual process

Status in the current reporting year



Complete

Type of verification or assurance

Limited assurance

Attach the statement

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Relevant standard

Attestation standards established by AICPA (AT105)

Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

100

C10.1b

(C10.1b) Provide further details of the verification/assurance undertaken for your Scope 2 emissions and attach the relevant statements.

Scope 2 approach Scope 2 location-based

Verification or assurance cycle in place

Annual process

Status in the current reporting year



Complete

Type of verification or assurance

Limited assurance

Attach the statement

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Relevant standard

Attestation standards established by AICPA (AT105)

Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

100

Scope 2 approach

Scope 2 market-based

Verification or assurance cycle in place

Annual process

Status in the current reporting year

Complete

Type of verification or assurance

Limited assurance

Attach the statement



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Relevant standard

Attestation standards established by AICPA (AT105)

Proportion of reported emissions verified (%)

100

C10.1c

(C10.1c) Provide further details of the verification/assurance undertaken for your Scope 3 emissions and attach the relevant statements.

Scope 3 category

Scope 3: Purchased goods and services

- Scope 3: Capital goods
- Scope 3: Fuel and energy-related activities (not included in Scopes 1 or 2)
- Scope 3: Upstream transportation and distribution
- Scope 3: Waste generated in operations
- Scope 3: Business travel
- Scope 3: Employee commuting
- Scope 3: Downstream transportation and distribution
- Scope 3: Use of sold products
- Scope 3: End-of-life treatment of sold products
- Scope 3: Downstream leased assets



Verification or assurance cycle in place

Annual process

Status in the current reporting year Complete

Type of verification or assurance

Limited assurance

Attach the statement

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Relevant standard Attestation standards established by AICPA (AT105)

Proportion of reported emissions verified (%) 100

C10.2

(C10.2) Do you verify any climate-related information reported in your CDP disclosure other than the emissions figures reported in C6.1, C6.3, and C6.5?

Yes

C10.2a

(C10.2a) Which data points within your CDP disclosure have been verified, and which verification standards were used?



Disclosure module verification relates to	Data verified	Verification standard	Please explain
C4. Targets and performance	Other, please specify net GHG emissions within carbon neutral boundary	Attestation Standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants/AICPA, AT-C 105 with AT- C 210 for Review Engagements	We engaged Deloitte & Touche LLP to perform a review in accordance with the attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) of management's assertion that our net GHG emissions within carbon neutral boundary included in Section 1 of our 2022 Environmental Data Fact Sheet are presented in accordance with the reporting criteria in the GHG Protocol: A Corporate Reporting and Accounting Standard. Our net GHG emissions within carbon neutral boundary, which includes global Scope 1, Scope 2 market-based, and Scope 3 business air travel, stated in C4.1a under ABSOLUTE TARGET 4 in this CDP disclosure is included in our 2022 Environmental Data Fact Sheet. Please see page 17 of our 2022 Environmental Data Fact Sheet to find the independent accountant's review report.
C6. Emissions data	Other, please specify Scope 3 Category 11 Use of Sold Products (management's criteria)	Attestation Standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants/AICPA, AT-C 105 with AT- C 210 for Review Engagements	We engaged Deloitte & Touche LLP to perform a review in accordance with the attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) of management's assertion that the Scope 3 Category 11 Use of Sold Products (management's criteria) included in our 2022 Environmental Data Fact Sheet is presented in accordance with the Microsoft-specified management's criteria: Use of sold products' emissions in the reporting year in metric tons of CO2e reported as: a) Gross emissions and b) Gross emissions, net of renewable electricity. Gross emissions is calculated by multiplying a) the direct



Disclosure module verification relates to	Data verified	Verification standard	Please explain
			use-phase energy, which is derived from emissions gathered by the Company using telemetry data and calculations used to measure energy usage from Xbox consoles and Surface devices sold by Microsoft at any point in time since product launch and which are still in use by end users during the fiscal year being reported on and b) location-based emissions factors. C6.5a Scope 3 Category 11 mtCO2e in this CDP disclosure is included in Section 1 of our 2022 Environmental Data Fact Sheet. Please see page 17 of our 2022 Environmental Data Fact Sheet to find the independent accountant's review report.
C8. Energy	Energy consumption	Attestation Standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants/AICPA, AT-C 105 with AT- C 210 for Review Engagements	We engaged Deloitte & Touche LLP to perform a review in accordance with the attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) of management's assertion that energy consumption within the organization included in Section 1 of our 2022 Environmental Data Fact Sheet is presented in accordance with Disclosure 302-1: Energy consumption within the organization from the GRI Standard: 302 Energy 2016. C8.2a total energy consumption in this CDP disclosure is included in our 2022 Environmental Data Fact Sheet. Please see page 17 of our 2022 Environmental Data Fact Sheet to find the independent accountant's review report.



Disclosure module verification relates to	Data verified	Verification standard	Please explain
C8. Energy	Other, please specify renewable electricity	Attestation Standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants/AICPA, AT-C 105 with AT- C 210 for Review Engagements	We engaged Deloitte & Touche LLP to perform a review in accordance with the attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) of management's assertion that the renewable electricity included in Section 1 of our 2022 Environmental Data Fact Sheet is presented in accordance with the Microsoft-specified management's criteria: total renewable electricity consumption in megawatt-hours and the percentage of renewable electricity. C8.2a MWh from renewable sources in this CDP disclosure is included in our 2022 Environmental Data Fact Sheet. Please see page 17 of our 2022 Environmental Data Fact Sheet to find the independent accountant's review report.
C8. Energy	Other, please specify direct renewable electricity	Attestation Standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants/AICPA, AT-C 105 with AT- C 210 for Review Engagements	We engaged Deloitte & Touche LLP to perform a review in accordance with the attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) of management's assertion that the direct renewable electricity included in Section 1 of our 2022 Environmental Data Fact Sheet is presented in accordance with the Microsoft-specified indicator criterion: total renewable electricity consumption in megawatt-hours and the percentage of renewable electricity. C8.2a MWh from renewable sources in this CDP disclosure is included in our 2022 Environmental Data Fact Sheet. Please see page 17 of our 2022



Disclosure module verification relates to	Data verified	Verification standard	Please explain
			Environmental Data Fact Sheet to find the independent accountant's review report.

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C11. Carbon pricing

C11.1

(C11.1) Are any of your operations or activities regulated by a carbon pricing system (i.e. ETS, Cap & Trade or Carbon Tax)? Yes

C11.1a

(C11.1a) Select the carbon pricing regulation(s) which impacts your operations.

Beijing pilot ETS EU ETS

C11.1b

(C11.1b) Complete the following table for each of the emissions trading schemes you are regulated by.

Beijing pilot ETS

% of Scope 1 emissions covered by the ETS



0.2

% of Scope 2 emissions covered by the ETS 0.3

Period start date

January 1, 2022

Period end date

December 31, 2022

Allowances allocated

19,234

Allowances purchased 16,250

Verified Scope 1 emissions in metric tons CO2e 237

Verified Scope 2 emissions in metric tons CO2e 16,013

Details of ownership

Facilities we own and operate

Comment

The verified emissions provided include both the Scope 1 and the Scope 2 emissions taxed under this scheme. Ninety-eight percent of the 16,250 mtCO2e of emissions covered under this trading scheme result from electricity consumption and are based on Scope 2 location-based accounting.

EU ETS



% of Scope 1 emissions covered by the ETS 0.75

% of Scope 2 emissions covered by the ETS 0

Period start date

January 1, 2022

Period end date

December 31, 2022

Allowances allocated 1.062

Allowances purchased 1.014

Verified Scope 1 emissions in metric tons CO2e 1,042

Verified Scope 2 emissions in metric tons CO2e

0

Details of ownership

Facilities we own and operate

Comment

The verified emissions provided only include Scope 1 emissions from diesel used in generators. We are not taxed for Scope 2 emissions under this scheme. The data provided covers our datacenters in Ireland and Sweden (this reflects just the month of December for our datacenter in Sweden, which became operational in December 2022).



C11.1d

(C11.1d) What is your strategy for complying with the systems you are regulated by or anticipate being regulated by?

C11.2

(C11.2) Has your organization canceled any project-based carbon credits within the reporting year? Yes

C11.2a

(C11.2a) Provide details of the project-based carbon credits canceled by your organization in the reporting year.

Project type

Other, please specify Improved forest management

Type of mitigation activity

Carbon removal

Project description

Klamath West IFM

Credits canceled by your organization from this project in the reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

143,965

Purpose of cancellation

Voluntary offsetting



Are you able to report the vintage of the credits at cancellation? $$\mathsf{Yes}$$

Vintage of credits at cancellation 2019

Were these credits issued to or purchased by your organization? Purchased

Credits issued by which carbon-crediting program

California Air Resources Board Compliance Offset Program

Method(s) the program uses to assess additionality for this project

Consideration of legal requirements Investment analysis Barrier analysis Market penetration assessment

Approach(es) by which the selected program requires this project to address reversal risk Monitoring and compensation

Potential sources of leakage the selected program requires this project to have assessed

Activity-shifting Market leakage

Provide details of other issues the selected program requires projects to address

Comment



Project type

Other, please specify Improved forest management

Type of mitigation activity

Carbon removal

Project description

Virginia Conservation Forestry Program - Tazewell Elk Garden

Credits canceled by your organization from this project in the reporting year (metric tons CO2e) 79.698

Purpose of cancellation

Voluntary offsetting

Are you able to report the vintage of the credits at cancellation?

Yes

Vintage of credits at cancellation

2017

Were these credits issued to or purchased by your organization?

Purchased

Credits issued by which carbon-crediting program

California Air Resources Board Compliance Offset Program

Method(s) the program uses to assess additionality for this project

Consideration of legal requirements Investment analysis Barrier analysis Market penetration assessment



Approach(es) by which the selected program requires this project to address reversal risk Monitoring and compensation

Potential sources of leakage the selected program requires this project to have assessed Activity-shifting Market leakage

Provide details of other issues the selected program requires projects to address

Comment

Project type

Other, please specify Improved forest management

Type of mitigation activity

Carbon removal

Project description

Virginia Highlands I IFM

Credits canceled by your organization from this project in the reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

70,312

Purpose of cancellation

Voluntary offsetting

Are you able to report the vintage of the credits at cancellation?

Yes



Vintage of credits at cancellation

2019

Were these credits issued to or purchased by your organization? Purchased

T UICHASEU

Credits issued by which carbon-crediting program

California Air Resources Board Compliance Offset Program

Method(s) the program uses to assess additionality for this project

Consideration of legal requirements Investment analysis Barrier analysis Market penetration assessment

Approach(es) by which the selected program requires this project to address reversal risk

Monitoring and compensation

Potential sources of leakage the selected program requires this project to have assessed

Activity-shifting Market leakage

Provide details of other issues the selected program requires projects to address

Comment

Project type Reforestation



Type of mitigation activity

Carbon removal

Project description

TIST Program in Kenya

Credits canceled by your organization from this project in the reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

46,320

Purpose of cancellation

Voluntary offsetting

Are you able to report the vintage of the credits at cancellation?

Yes

Vintage of credits at cancellation

2018

Were these credits issued to or purchased by your organization?

Purchased

Credits issued by which carbon-crediting program

VCS (Verified Carbon Standard)

Method(s) the program uses to assess additionality for this project

Consideration of legal requirements Investment analysis Barrier analysis Market penetration assessment

Approach(es) by which the selected program requires this project to address reversal risk

Monitoring and compensation



Potential sources of leakage the selected program requires this project to have assessed

Activity-shifting Market leakage

Provide details of other issues the selected program requires projects to address

Comment

Project type

Other, please specify Improved forest management

Type of mitigation activity

Carbon removal

Project description

Washington Rainforest Renewal Project

Credits canceled by your organization from this project in the reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

40,000

Purpose of cancellation

Voluntary offsetting

Are you able to report the vintage of the credits at cancellation?

Yes

Vintage of credits at cancellation

2020



Were these credits issued to or purchased by your organization?

Purchased

Credits issued by which carbon-crediting program

ACR (American Carbon Registry)

Method(s) the program uses to assess additionality for this project

Consideration of legal requirements Investment analysis Barrier analysis Market penetration assessment

Approach(es) by which the selected program requires this project to address reversal risk

Monitoring and compensation

Potential sources of leakage the selected program requires this project to have assessed

Activity-shifting Market leakage

Provide details of other issues the selected program requires projects to address

Comment

Project type

Other, please specify Improved forest management

Type of mitigation activity



Carbon removal

Project description

Virginia Clinch Valley Conservation Forestry Program - Rich Mountain 2

Credits canceled by your organization from this project in the reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

37,890

Purpose of cancellation

Voluntary offsetting

Are you able to report the vintage of the credits at cancellation?

Yes

Vintage of credits at cancellation

2017

Were these credits issued to or purchased by your organization?

Purchased

Credits issued by which carbon-crediting program

California Air Resources Board Compliance Offset Program

Method(s) the program uses to assess additionality for this project

Consideration of legal requirements Investment analysis Barrier analysis Market penetration assessment

Approach(es) by which the selected program requires this project to address reversal risk

Monitoring and compensation

Potential sources of leakage the selected program requires this project to have assessed



Activity-shifting Market leakage

Provide details of other issues the selected program requires projects to address

Comment

Project type

Other, please specify Improved forest management

Type of mitigation activity

Carbon removal

Project description

Finite Carbon – Molpus Ataya IFM

Credits canceled by your organization from this project in the reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

30,850

Purpose of cancellation

Voluntary offsetting

Are you able to report the vintage of the credits at cancellation?

Yes

Vintage of credits at cancellation

2020



Were these credits issued to or purchased by your organization?

Purchased

Credits issued by which carbon-crediting program

California Air Resources Board Compliance Offset Program

Method(s) the program uses to assess additionality for this project

Consideration of legal requirements Investment analysis Barrier analysis Market penetration assessment

Approach(es) by which the selected program requires this project to address reversal risk

Monitoring and compensation

Potential sources of leakage the selected program requires this project to have assessed

Activity-shifting Market leakage

Provide details of other issues the selected program requires projects to address

Comment

Project type

Other, please specify Improved forest management

Type of mitigation activity



Carbon removal

Project description

Virginia Conservation Forestry Program - Clifton Farm

Credits canceled by your organization from this project in the reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

27,682

Purpose of cancellation

Voluntary offsetting

Are you able to report the vintage of the credits at cancellation?

Yes

Vintage of credits at cancellation

2017

Were these credits issued to or purchased by your organization?

Purchased

Credits issued by which carbon-crediting program

California Air Resources Board Compliance Offset Program

Method(s) the program uses to assess additionality for this project

Consideration of legal requirements Investment analysis Barrier analysis Market penetration assessment

Approach(es) by which the selected program requires this project to address reversal risk

Monitoring and compensation

Potential sources of leakage the selected program requires this project to have assessed



Activity-shifting Market leakage

Provide details of other issues the selected program requires projects to address

Comment

Project type

Other, please specify Improved forest management

Type of mitigation activity

Carbon removal

Project description

Lonesome Pine IFM

Credits canceled by your organization from this project in the reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

11,340

Purpose of cancellation

Voluntary offsetting

Are you able to report the vintage of the credits at cancellation?

Yes

Vintage of credits at cancellation

2020



Were these credits issued to or purchased by your organization?

Purchased

Credits issued by which carbon-crediting program

California Air Resources Board Compliance Offset Program

Method(s) the program uses to assess additionality for this project

Consideration of legal requirements Investment analysis Barrier analysis Market penetration assessment

Approach(es) by which the selected program requires this project to address reversal risk

Monitoring and compensation

Potential sources of leakage the selected program requires this project to have assessed

Activity-shifting Market leakage

Provide details of other issues the selected program requires projects to address

Comment

Project type

Other, please specify Improved forest management

Type of mitigation activity



Carbon removal

Project description

Virginia Clinch Valley Conservation Forestry Program - Rich Mountain 1

Credits canceled by your organization from this project in the reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

10,248

Purpose of cancellation

Voluntary offsetting

Are you able to report the vintage of the credits at cancellation?

Yes

Vintage of credits at cancellation

2017

Were these credits issued to or purchased by your organization?

Purchased

Credits issued by which carbon-crediting program

California Air Resources Board Compliance Offset Program

Method(s) the program uses to assess additionality for this project

Consideration of legal requirements Investment analysis Barrier analysis Market penetration assessment

Approach(es) by which the selected program requires this project to address reversal risk

Monitoring and compensation

Potential sources of leakage the selected program requires this project to have assessed



Activity-shifting Market leakage

Provide details of other issues the selected program requires projects to address

Comment

Project type

Reforestation

Type of mitigation activity Carbon removal

Project description

Tist Program in India

Credits canceled by your organization from this project in the reporting year (metric tons CO2e)

9,000

Purpose of cancellation

Voluntary offsetting

Are you able to report the vintage of the credits at cancellation?

Yes

Vintage of credits at cancellation

2012

Were these credits issued to or purchased by your organization?



Purchased

Credits issued by which carbon-crediting program

VCS (Verified Carbon Standard)

Method(s) the program uses to assess additionality for this project

Consideration of legal requirements Investment analysis Barrier analysis Market penetration assessment

Approach(es) by which the selected program requires this project to address reversal risk

Monitoring and compensation

Potential sources of leakage the selected program requires this project to have assessed

Activity-shifting Market leakage

Provide details of other issues the selected program requires projects to address

Comment

Project type

Other, please specify Improved forest management

Type of mitigation activity Carbon removal



Project description

Virginia Conservation Forestry Program – Rich Mountain 1

Credits canceled by your organization from this project in the reporting year (metric tons CO2e) 6,851

Purpose of cancellation

Voluntary offsetting

Are you able to report the vintage of the credits at cancellation?

Yes

Vintage of credits at cancellation

2010

Were these credits issued to or purchased by your organization?

Purchased

Credits issued by which carbon-crediting program

CAR (The Climate Action Reserve)

Method(s) the program uses to assess additionality for this project

Consideration of legal requirements Investment analysis Barrier analysis Market penetration assessment

Approach(es) by which the selected program requires this project to address reversal risk

Monitoring and compensation

Potential sources of leakage the selected program requires this project to have assessed

Activity-shifting Market leakage



Provide details of other issues the selected program requires projects to address

Comment

C11.3

(C11.3) Does your organization use an internal price on carbon?

C12. Engagement

C12.1

(C12.1) Do you engage with your value chain on climate-related issues?

C12.2

(C12.2) Do your suppliers have to meet climate-related requirements as part of your organization's purchasing process?

C12.3

(C12.3) Does your organization engage in activities that could either directly or indirectly influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate?

Row 1



External engagement activities that could directly or indirectly influence policy, law, or regulation that may impact the climate

Does your organization have a public commitment or position statement to conduct your engagement activities in line with the goals of the Paris Agreement?

Describe the process(es) your organization has in place to ensure that your external engagement activities are consistent with your climate commitments and/or climate transition plan

C12.4

(C12.4) Have you published information about your organization's response to climate change and GHG emissions performance for this reporting year in places other than in your CDP response? If so, please attach the publication(s).

C12.5

(C12.5) Indicate the collaborative frameworks, initiatives and/or commitments related to environmental issues for which you are a signatory/member.

		Environmental collaborative framework, initiative and/or commitment	Describe your organization's role within each framework, initiative and/or commitment
F	Row		
	1		



C15. Biodiversity

C15.1

(C15.1) Is there board-level oversight and/or executive management-level responsibility for biodiversity-related issues within your organization?

	Board-level oversight and/or executive management-level responsibility for biodiversity-related issues	
Row 1		

C15.2

(C15.2) Has your organization made a public commitment and/or endorsed any initiatives related to biodiversity?

	Indicate whether your organization made a public commitment or endorsed any initiatives related to biodiversity
Row 1	

C15.3

(C15.3) Does your organization assess the impacts and dependencies of its value chain on biodiversity?

Impacts on biodiversity

Indicate whether your organization undertakes this type of assessment

Dependencies on biodiversity

Indicate whether your organization undertakes this type of assessment



C15.4

(C15.4) Does your organization have activities located in or near to biodiversity- sensitive areas in the reporting year?

C15.5

(C15.5) What actions has your organization taken in the reporting year to progress your biodiversity-related commitments?

	Have you taken any actions in the reporting period to progress your biodiversity-related commitments?
Row 1	

C15.6

(C15.6) Does your organization use biodiversity indicators to monitor performance across its activities?

	Does your organization use indicators to monitor biodiversity performance?	Indicators used to monitor biodiversity performance
Row 1		

C15.7

(C15.7) Have you published information about your organization's response to biodiversity-related issues for this reporting year in places other than in your CDP response? If so, please attach the publication(s).

Report type Content elements Attach the document and indicate where in the document the relevant biodiversity information is located



C16. Signoff

C-FI

(C-FI) Use this field to provide any additional information or context that you feel is relevant to your organization's response. Please note that this field is optional and is not scored.

C16.1

(C16.1) Provide details for the person that has signed off (approved) your CDP climate change response.

	Job title	Corresponding job category
Row 1	Chief Sustainability Officer	Chief Sustainability Officer (CSO)