

# MS08-067 – Incident Retrospect

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## MS08-067 (CVE-2008-4250)

- Vulnerability found in Windows Server Service (netapi32.dll)
- Server service did not handle specially crafted RPC requests
- Triaged as remote unauthenticated code execution at system privileges on XP/Sever 2003
  - Wormable (no user interaction required, self-replicating)
  - Large install base
  - Exploit known; widespread malware probable
  - Bulletin Severity: Critical
  - Security Impact: Remote Code Execution
  - Exploitability Index Rating: 1 Consistent Exploit Code Likely

# **Comparing Incidents**

	Blaster (August 2003)	Sasser (April 2004)	Zotob (August 2005)	Conficker.B (December 2008)
Alert & Prescriptive Guidance	Within 1 day	Within 2 hours	2 days prior	Before publicly known (MAPP)
Online Guidance/ Webcast	Within 10 days	Within 2 days	Same day	69 days prior (3 offered)
Free Worm Removal Tool	Within 38 days	Within 3 days	Within 3 days	Within 16 days*
# of systems updated in the 1 <sup>st</sup> week	36 million	95 million	127 million	409 million
Days after the patch we knew of 1 <sup>st</sup> exploit	+11 days	+4 days	+2 days	-11 days
Products not affected by exploits	None	None	XPSP2	Vista, Svr 2008

<sup>\*</sup> initial outbreak did not require an out-of-band release of Malicious Software Removal Tool

## MS08-067 Response Timeline



- Watch triggers indicate a previously unknown vulnerability is being exploited in the wild
- Immediate escalation to SSIRP team

Alert & Mobilize Mon, Oct 6<sup>th</sup>

- MSRC declares new SSIRP in response to customer reports
- Immediate mobilization of our SSIRP Team and First Responders

Assess Oct 6<sup>th</sup> – 10<sup>th</sup>

- Immediately began monitoring for customer impact
- Product team begins investigation
- Variant testing begins
- Work around and mitigation planning occurs
- Plan of Record established (10/10) and attached to November release cycle

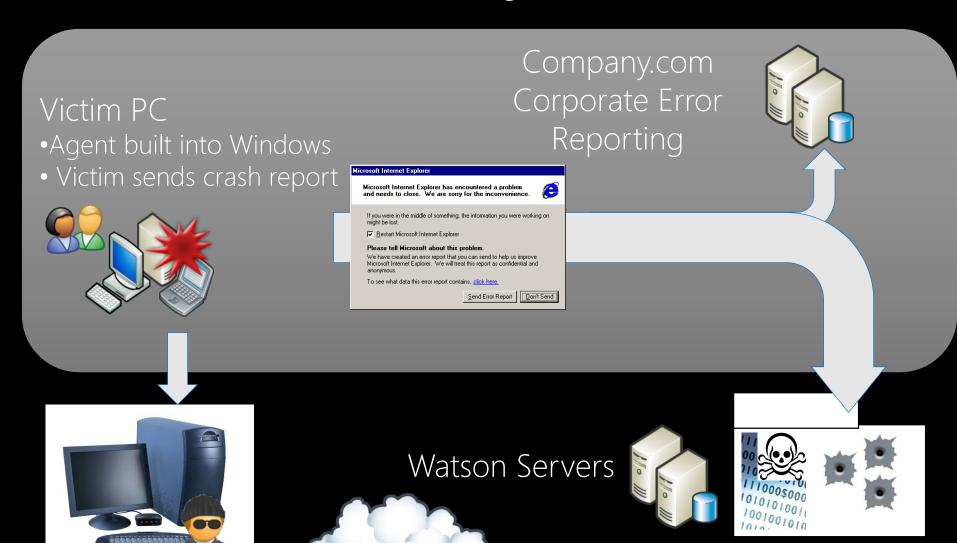
Stabilize
Oct 10<sup>th</sup> –Oct 22<sup>nd</sup>

- Product team creates fix packages and testing begins
- Fri, 10/17 Reports indicate growing threat; Threat level raised to Red
- All teams raise to high alert and engineering plan is accelerated
- Tues, 10/21 Quality bars met giving the ability to release early
- Wed, 10/22 Began field & partner outreach
- Wed, 10/22 Advanced Notification for out-of-band release on 10/23

Resolve Oct 23<sup>rd</sup> -Cont...

- Thurs— 10AM —all materials release publicly
  - Security Bulletin, MBSA, SMS, WSUS, Windows Update, Automatic Update, Microsoft Update, MAPP
- Thurs PR engagement begins aggressive messaging to customers
- Continued monitoring of the threat landscape

## **Crashes Feed Telemetry**

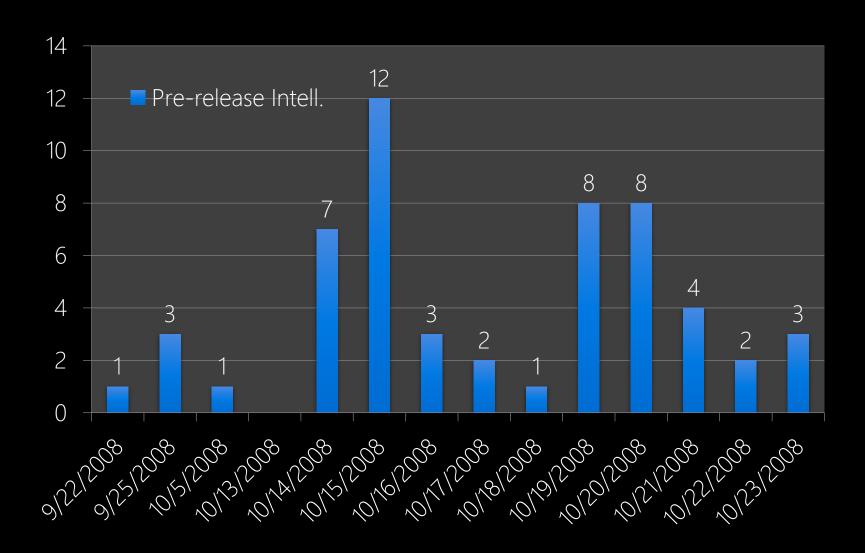


- exploit code
- hijacks

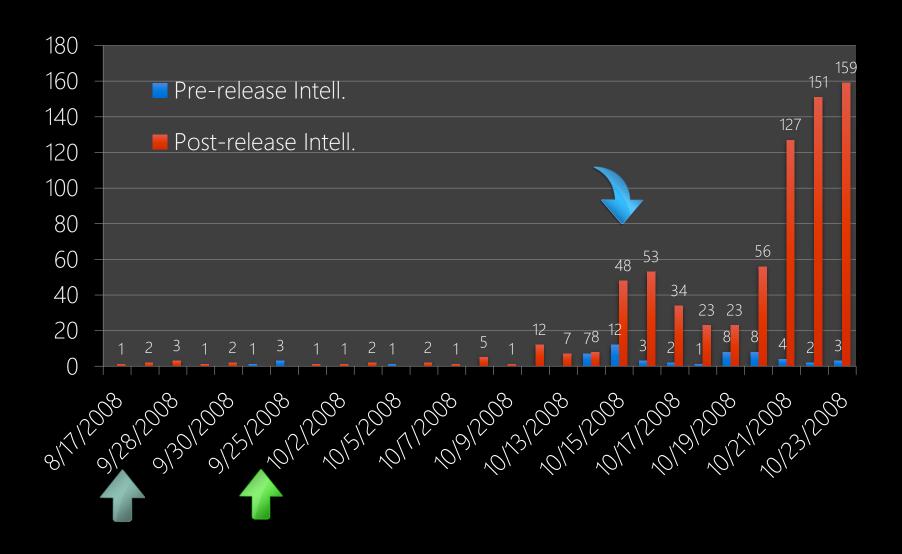
## Resolving the Vulnerability

- Resolved by Out-of-Band release as MS08-067 (Critical)
- Security update resolves a privately reported vulnerability in the Server service
- Vulnerability could allow remote code execution if an affected system received a specially crafted RPC request
- On Microsoft Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003 systems, an attacker could exploit this vulnerability without authentication to run arbitrary code.
- It is possible that this vulnerability could be used in the crafting of a wormable exploit

## Pre-Release Intelligence



# Combining Intelligence



### Notification of Imminent Resolution & Threat

#### Advance Notification for Out-of-Band Release

Posted Wednesday, October 22, 2008 8:38 PM by MSRCTEAM

Hello this is Christopher Budd,

I wanted to let you know that we've just posted an Advance Notification for an out-of-band bulletin release. We plan to release one Windows security bulletin with a maximum severity of Critical; scheduled for a target time of 10:00 a.m. PT on Thursday Oct. 23, 2008. A restart will be required.

We have scheduled a special webcast to cover this release. This will also be on Thursday at 1 p.m. PT. You can register for it here.

Thanks

Christopher

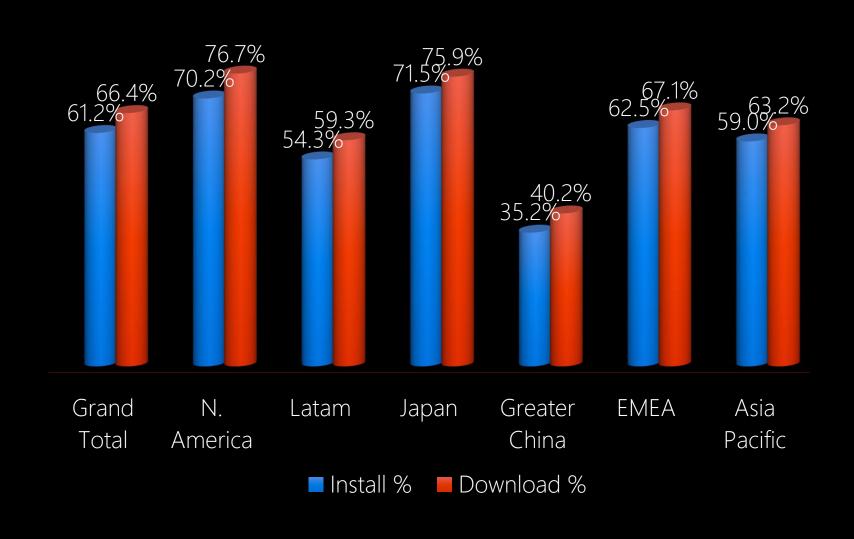
#### Out of Band Releases

- Out-of-Band releases reserved for the most serious vulnerabilities
  - Active or eminent exploit on a large scale
  - Active or eminent exploit on critical infrastructure
- Out-of-Band releases are costly both to Microsoft and our customers
- MS08-067 was the ninth OOB release

## Tools that Advanced Response

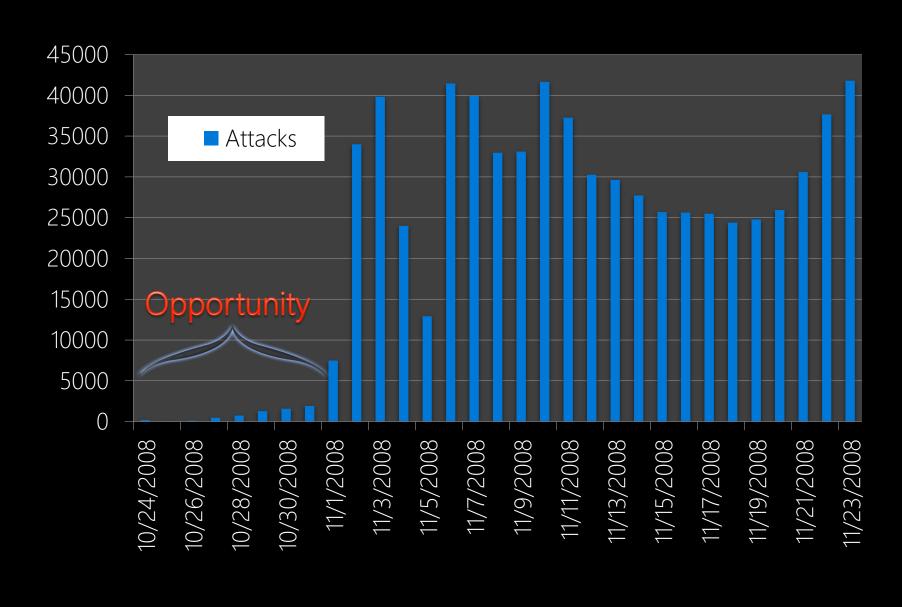


## Windows Update Uptake



Regional data shows North America and Japan with the most aggressive up take. It also shows a problem in Greater China which was due to poor reception of the WGA program days earlier.

## A Narrow Opportunity



#### Malware Evolution Timeline



Exploits drop TrojanSpy:Win32/Gimmiv

- Collects information and sends it to a server in Japan
- A few targeted attacks: Malaysia, Japan, Philippines, Vietnam & Singapore

Bulletin Release Oct 23rd

- Published a generic signature for the current exploits: Exploit:Win32/MS08067.gen!A
- Added detection to MSRT November and to Windows Defender

Attackers Join In Oct 24<sup>th</sup> – Nov 20<sup>th</sup>

- Shortly after release researchers release new malware none that self replicate
  - TrojanSpy:Win32/Arpoc
  - Trojan:Win32/Wecorl (The Symantec "worm")
  - Trojan:Win32/Clort

1st Worm *Nov 21st – Dec 28th* 

- Nearly a month after release, the first worm is detected: Win32.Conficker.A
  - Attacks unpatched systems only
  - Success rates were fairly low

*Dec 29<sup>th</sup> – Cont...* 

- Prevalent Worm Over two months after release and one month after the first worm a new resilient variant is found in the wild: Win32.Conficker.B
  - Attacks unpatched systems
  - Replicates to admin\$ shares with weak passwords
  - Replicates to all removable media and employs social engineering attack through AutoPlay to further replicate
  - Added detection to MSRT January to remove Conficker

